ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

DHOLPUR STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1911.



DHOLPUR,

PRINTED AT THE STATE PRESS.

1912.

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CHAPTER I.

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GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

Preliminary.—Area 1,200 square miles; population according to Census of 1911, 2,63,399; gross revenue calculated on an average of the past 5 years about Rs. 11,72,000. No tribute paid; His Highness Sipahdar-ul-mulk Saramad Rojhai Hind Maharajdhiraja Shri Sawai Maharaj Rana UDAIBHAN SINGH Lokindra Bahadur Diler Jang Jai Deo, aged 18 years and 7 months, (the date of birth being the 12th February 1893); Bamrolia Jat; marriel to the daughter of the Sardar of Badrukhan in Jhind State, connected with the Nabha and Patiala Chiefs and with the descendants of Maharaja Ranjit Singh of the Punjab, now living at Rai Bareilly.

- 2. Death of His Highness Maharaj Rana Ram Singh.—The year under report was a very unlucky one for the State, in that its most popular and capable ruler Captain His Highness Maharaj Rana, Sir Ram Singh, K. C. I. E., breathed his last on the 29th March 1911.
- 3. His late Highness had been in bad health in the previous year since July 1910, but he did not allow this to interfere with his duties and accompanied by his younger brother Raja Sahib, now His Highness Maharaj Rana Udaibhan Singh, went on the 19th October 1910, to Bombay to receive his maternal uncle Shahzada Basdev Singh who was returning from England. After a week's stay in Bombay His Highness returned to Dholpur on the 26th October 1910. On 8th November 1910, His late Highness went to Agra by motor to bid farewell to Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Minto during their stay at Agra. His Highness was exceedingly pleased with the visit.
- 4. His late Highness was initiated as a Freemason at Dholpur on the night of the 22nd December 1910, when Col. Foreman and some other Freemasons were invited.
- 5. On the 7th January 1911, His Highness went out to Talshahi to shoot duck and returned on the 10th idem. After this date his health did not permit him to leave Dholpur.
- 6. His Highness' condition became serious about the 24th March 1911, when Col. Malrony, a retired Civil Surgeon was sent for. He arrived with a Hakim and some Sardars of Nabha and took His Highness under his medical treatment but although he devoted great energy and skill to the case, on the night of the 29th March 1911, His Highness' condition became hopeless and at 11-15 P. M. His Highness breathed his last to the great sorrow of all his family members, Sardars, Officials and subjects.

- 7. According to the long established custom, the remains of His Highness were not removed until after the succession to the Gadi, then left vacant, was declared. His Highness Maharaj Rana Udaibhan Singh, pending the arrival of Government orders which were subsequently received, was installed on the Gadi and the customary ceremonies were performed. On the next day the remains of the late chief were cremated in the grounds of the temple of Radha Behariji.
- 8. As a mark of sorrow, all Public offices, Institutions and Bazars were closed for 5 days and general mourning was observed throughout the State. On the 10th day after the demise, all Sardars, Officials and servants of the State had their heads shaved and on the 13th day, there was the usual Triodasha when in memory of the dead chief a large number of Brahmins and people from throughout the State were fed.
- g. The untimely and sudden death of His Highness who at the age of 28 years was in the prime of life, evoked a wide spread feeling of regret and sorrow among all who had come into contact with him. The Government of India telegraphed their deep sympathies and telegrams of condolence and sympathy were received from many rulers and friends of His late Highness.
- 10. Their Highnesses the Maharajas of Patiala and Jhind came to pay condolence visits with their principal sardars and officials. The Nabha, Kapurthala, Datia, Tikamgarh, Gwalior, Bharatpur, Hill Tippera and other States sent their representatives for the same purpose.
- II. On the 13th April 1911, the Honorable Sir Elliot Colvin. A.G.G., in Rajputana, also paid a condolence visit to the present chief. The Maharaj Rana paid a formal visit accompanied by his eight sardars and officials, to the Honorable, A.G.G., which was returned in the afternoon, when His Highness according to the customs of the State, received the Agent to the Governor Genenal in Darbar, attended by his sardars and officials.
- 12. The question of the marriage of the present Maharaj Rana, which was already in progress in the life time of His late Highness, was taken up in accordance with the wishes of Her Highness the Dowager Maharani, and the proposed marriage of the Maharaj Rana with the daughter of the Sardar of Badrukhan in the Jhind territory, was celebrated in the first week of June 1911, as the next two or three years were considered inauspicious for the purpose and the postponement of the ceremoney was deemed inadvisable.

MOVEMENTS OF HIS HIGHNESS THE PRESENT MAHARAJ RANA AND HIS FAMILY.

- 13. His Highness accompanied by Her Highness, left for Simla on the 11th June 1911, and Her Highness the Dowager Maharani left for Nabha on the 18th idem.
- 14. His Highness while at Simla, had the honour of being invited on the 24th June 1911, to the State dinner given by His Excellency the Viceroy, in honour of the Coronation of Their Imperial Majesties, the King Emperor and Queen Empress.
- 15. His Highness left Simla on the 25th June 1911, and joined the Imperial Cadet Corps at Dehra Dun on the 26th idem. He returned to Dholpur on the 15th August 1911 to spend the summer vacations.

- 16. On 22nd August 1911, His Highness left for Bari with the State Superintendent on an inspection of the Bari Tehsil and the Ram Sagar Tank.
- 17. On the 31st August 1911, His Highness accompanied by the State Superintendent, left again for Sirmathra and returned to Dholpur on the 4th September 1911, visiting Talshahi on the way.
- 18. On 9th September 1911, His Highness with the State Superintendent, left for Abu and returned to Dholpur on the 23rd idem after a short stay at Ajmer, the Superintendent returning direct on the 20th idem.

VISITS OF THE POLITICAL AGENT.

- 19. Major B. E. M. Gurdon, C. I. E., D. S. O., I. A., who remained in charge of the Political Agency Eastern States Rajputana, up to the 1st June 1911, visited the State on the following dates; he took a keen interest in all that went on in the State and gave prompt advice for the welfare of the State and its people:—
 - (1) 1st to 5th October 1910.
 - (2) 14th to 24th November 1910—in connection with Jhiri affairs.
 - (3) 10th to 12th December 1910.
 - (4) 6th to 9th January 1911.
 - (5) 31st January to 1st February 1911.
 - (6) 3rd to 6th March 1911.
 - (7). 21st March to 2nd April 1911,
 - (8) 3rd to 5th April 1911.
 - (9) 12th to 15th April 1911—on this occasion he accompanied the Honorable the Agent to the Governor General on the occasion of the condolence visit to His Highness the Maharaj Rana.
 - (10) 24th to 27th April 1911.
 - (11) 16th to 21st May 1911.
- 20. Mr. R. E. Holland, I. C. S., who relieved Major Gurdon on 1st June 1911, at Abu and joined the Agency office at Bharatpur on the 7th July 1911, has remained in charge of the Political Agency since that date and has visited the State on the dates noted below:—
 - (1) 24th to 26th July 1911, inspected Jail, Hospital, Public offices and Toshakhana.
 - (2) 5th to 7th August 1911.
- 21. The State was visited by the Honorable Sir Elliot Colvin, A.G.G., in Rajputana on the following dates.
 - (1) 20th to 24th November 1910, in connection with the Jhiri troubles.
 - (2) 13th to 15th April 1911, to pay a condolence visit to His Highness.
 - (3) 5th to 7th August 1911, to discuss the agricultural outlook in view of the impending famine.
- 22. The Honorable Surgeon General V. H. S. Lukis, who was deputed by the Government of India to visit Rajputana during the cold weather with a view to

discussing personally with Political Officers and Darbars, matters relating to the proposed revision of the medical arrangements in Rajputana, reached Dholpur on the 22nd December 1910, and after discussing matters personally with His Highness left for Agra on the following day.

- 23. Mr. Rogers, I. C. S., Postmaster General, Central Provinces Nagpur, paid a visit to Dholpur on the 28th August 1911.
- 24 The Chief Secretary in addition to his inspection visits to Bari and Sirmathra Estate had occasions to go to Bharatpur, Agra and Allahabad on State business during the year.

OTHER NOTABLE EVENTS.

- 25. Birthday of Queen Alexandra.—On the 1st December 1910, the birthday of Queen Alexandra was celebrated and a salute of 31 guns fired; all Public offices, Institutions and schools were closed. A parade of State forces was held which was attended by leading Sardars and Officials of the State.
- 26. Death of His Highness the Maharaja of Jodhpur.—On 21st March 1911, the sad news of the premature death of His Highness the Maharaja of Jodhpur was received. A 'Hartal' was observed as a mark of sorrow.
- 27. King's Birthday Celebration.—On Saturday the 3rd June 1911, the birthday of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor was celebrated at Dholpur with becoming ceremony. A royal salute of 101 guns was fired, a review of the State troops was held and all Public offices and schools were closed on this happy occasion. Cordial congratulations of the Darbar were wired to the Political Agent and duly acknowledged.
- 28. Coronation of Their Imperial Majesties, the King Emperor and Queen Empress.—The 22nd of June 1911, was observed as a general holiday on account of the Coronation of Their Imperial Majesties, the King Emperor and the Queen Empress, celebrated in England. The day was celebrated at Dholpur in a befitting manner. In the morning, a review of the State forces was held near the Palace. This was followed by a special meeting in the Dharamsala situated in the Patiala Bagh. In the afternoon, games and sports for the school boys were held and sweetmeats distributed at the end of the day's proceedings.

Temples and Mosques were illuminated and prayers offered for the long life of Their Imperial Majesties, the King Emperor and Queen Empress. The day was greatly enjoyed by the public.

- 29. Changes in the Personnel.—(a) Rai Sahib Dr. Behari Lal was appointed Medical Officer of the State on the 15th November 1910.
 - (b) Commandant Talib Hussain was allowed to retire on pension on 20th February 1911, and the vacancy was filled up by Mr. Adamson on 25th March 1911, as Major Commanding the Dholpur Infantry.
 - (c) Mr. Rama Swami Iyer, B.A., Forest Officer proceeded on 6 months' leave without pay and the charge was entrusted to Lala Harbhagwan Anand, Auditor of Accounts on th 17th March 1911.

- (d) In consequence of the demise of His late Highnes a State Council with a British officer as president was established under orders of the Government, and Sardar Bahadur Bhagat Singh was appointed Revenue Member and Sardar Umrao Singh Miscellaneous Member of the Council with effect from the 13th July 1911.
- (e) Captain G. H. Anderson, I. A., was appointed Superintendent of the State with effect from the 22nd July 1911.
- (f) The post of Private Secretary to His Highness was abolished in August 1911.
- (g) The post of Judicial Officer was abolished on 15th July 1911, and the work of this court was amalgamated with the duties of the Revenue Member. The services of Munshi Nek Ram Judicial Officer were consequently dispensed with.
- (h) Pt. Narotum Dutt, B. A., Inspector of Schools, was appointed Manager Sirmathra Estate, on 1st July 1911, and B. Balkishan reverted to his original post of Naib Tahsildar at Gird Tahsil.
 - (i) Mr. A. N. Thorpe, State Engineer proceeded on 2 months and 22 days' privilege leave combined with leave of one month and 14 days on private affairs, to England on 6th June 1911, his charge as State Engineer and Quarry Manager was entrusted to Konwar Chittar Singh while that of Manager D. B. Railway was made over to Mr. Adamson.
 - (j) Sardar Megh Singh was appointed Kitchen and Deohri Officer in place of S. Nahar Singh.
 - (k) Pt. Sheo Shankar the Revenue Officer was appointed also as Khasgi Officer in place of Sardar Nahar Singh, as a co-worker with Sardar Umrao Singh
 - (1) Pt. Kaladhar was appointed Camp Staff Officer, Delhi Durbar.
 - (m) M. Din Dyal, B. A., Superintendent Census Dholpur, was appointed Clerk to His Highness in addition to his own duties.
 - (n) Pt. Brij Mohan Lal, B. A., was appointed on the 6th September 1911, Head Master Maharana High School Dholpur and Inspecter of Shools vice Pt. Narotum Dutt, B. A., appointed Manager Sirmathra.

CHAPTER II.

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ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

- 30. Settlement Staff.—During the first month and 5 days, Rai Sahib Pandit Sarup Narain officiated as Settlement Officer. He reverted as Assistant Settlement Officer on the return from privilege leave of Mr. W. Raw who held charge for the rest of the year.
- 31. The post of Settlement Superintendent was held by Munshi Mohammed Hussain until September 24th 1911, when he was compelled by ill-health to take leave. He will revert to his post in the Punjab on the expiration of his leave. He has been succeeded by Lala Ganga Ram who had been Peshkar and then Sadar Munsarim from the commencement of the Settlement.

- 32. The period of deputation of Babu Jagat Narain Lal, Head Clerk, expired on September 30th 1911. He went on privilege leave on September 1st and has now joined the Etawah Settlement as Head Clerk. His post has been given to Babu Bishambar Dass.
- 33. Of the Sadar Munsarims Lala Ganga Ram has already been mentioned. M. Narain Singh was transferred to the Sirohi State Settlement as Superintendent on January 6th 1911, after working very satisfactorily from the commencement of Settlement Operations here.
- 34. Other Sadar Munsarims were Lala Arjan Dass, M. Karam Chand, M. Farzand Ali, M. Ghulam Abbas and M. Ram Labhaya while M. Chironji Lal officiated as Sadar Munsarim during the latter part of the year.
- 35. Thirty-four Munsarims, on an average pay of Rs. 30 per month were employed on Tasdiq work and 9 on soil classification. 17 Munsarims were reduced on the completion of the Tasdiq work.
- 36. The year began with 45 Moharrirs on an average pay of Rs. 16 per month. The number has fluctuated with the amount of work to be done.
- 37. The services of all Patwaris have been utilised in the preparation of statistics when they have not been engaged in ordinary revenue work or absent with or without leave. Kanugos have already been appointed in two Tahsils and we have now qualified men to fill the posts in the remaining Tahsils.
- 38. The majority of the Soil Classification Munsarims were local Kanugo candidates and Patwaris.
- 39. 34 Patwaris and 17 local candidates passed the Patwar examination in October 1910.
- 3 Patwar's were reduced on account of old age and 3 dismissed for continued absence and inefficiency. Two died and one other was dismissed for misconduct. The number of Patwaris is now 183. The circles have been re-distributed in two Tahsils and this is being done in the remaining Tahsils.
- 40. Progress of work—Bari and Baseri Tahsils.—Under the provisional programme drawn up early in 1909, the settlement work of Bari and Baseri Tahsils should have been completed by the autumn of 1910. It was found quite impossible to work up to this programme owing to the complexity of the land tenures in force in the State and the necessity of preparing all papers without the help of previous records. The most important part of settlement work, the correct preparation of the registers of zamindari rights and the distribution of the revenue over the numerous zamindari holdings in a village, had never been attempted in Dholpur before. This work required many months of ceaseless labour, and it was not until late in the year under report that the Phantwar revenue could be announced and objections disposed of.
- 41. Pattas were distributed to all tenants and the objections raised by them or the zamindars against the correctness of the soil classification carefully considered and disposed of. The objections were much fewer than was anticipated. In many villages there were none at all and in most there were very few, considering that tenants' rents had never before been fixed by authority; this result is eminently

satisfactory. As was to be expected many zamindars and particularly those who had been most harsh in the treatment of their tenants, resented this recognition of the rights of tenants. A considerable number of resignations were filed by cultivators whose rent had been raised. There is no doubt but that many of these were given at the instigation of the zamindars who hoped to get the orders fixing rents, cancelled and the majority of the tenants who filed relinquishments did not actually give up their fields. It is more than ever clear that the fixing of tenants' rents by the State was essential for the welfare of the cultivators in general.

- 42. The announcement of the Phantwar revenue constituted a very severe test of the fairness of the method of distribution and the correctness of the attestation work. The details of every zamindari holding were carefully read out and explained in the villages. The total number of corrections found necessary was large but the great bulk of these referred to mutations arising out of succession and transfers during the year and a half after the papers were drawn up. This is an indication of the absolute necessity of a carefully supervised system of maintenance of land records year by year. A few objections referred to mistakes made in recording the shares of the different Malguzars in the "Shamlat" Khatas of villages. In very few instances indeed, it was found that a field belonging to one set of co-sharers had been shown in a khata belonging to others.
- . 43. The revised assessments have been announced in these two Tahsils. With large enhancements in many villages there have naturally been many applications to the effect that the proposed assessments are excessive.

Some of these were accompanied by applications to be allowed to resign the villages. None of the assessments have been altered and nearly all of the so-called resignations have been withdrawn. As far as is at present known, the zamindars of one "Dang" village are unwilling to take on the settlement of the shares belonging to absconding co-sharers and in only one other village—a small hill village do the zamindars persist in their refusal to engage for the revenue.

- 44. Gird, Kolari and Rajakhera Tahsils.—All villages in these Tahsils were soil classified and inspected by the Settlement Officer during the cold weather, while the final attestation of the records was completed in May. Rent rates were fixed in Kolari and Gird Tahsils and the assessment of Kolari and of most villages in Gird completed before the end of September. The distribution of tenants' pattas has been begun in Kolari and is about to begin in Gird. The final assessment of Gird Tahsil and the fixation of rents and assessment of Rajakhera will be finished in November.
- 45. The settlement of these three Tahsils will take effect from the beginning of the current year, but the Kharif instalment of revenue will have to be based on the expiring demand, adjustments being made at the time of the Rabi collections.
- 46. Sirmathra Estate.—The villages in this Estate were soil classified and inspected by the Assistant Settlement Officer (who also inspected three Tahsils in Karauli State). The Settlement Officer made a tour through the Estate with him after the inspections were made. The villages have been leased out on the old system for the current year and the new settlement will not take effect until next year.

47. Restitution of Mustajri villages and settlement of Jagir and Muafi villages.—The consideration of the proposals under this head was delayed by the lamontable death of His late Highness.

Orders have, however, been passed about practically all villages in Bari and Baseri Tahsils and the ousted zamindars have been re-instated in all villages where they applied for restitution and were not found to have been out of possession for over 30 years. All but one or two Jagir and Muafi villages have been settled with the old zamindars who will now manage their villages and be in precisely the same position as the zamindars in Khalsa villages except that they will pay the fixed revenue to the Jagirdars or Muafidars instead of the State.

In the remaining Tahsils, orders have been passed for the restoration of many very large villages to the old zamindars but in accordance with the usage of the State, possession will not be made over until June next year. The remaining cases are being rapidly disposed of.

48. Expenditure.—The expenditure during the year, amounted to Rs 70,670-10-2 as against the budget estimate of Rs. 71,051.

The total expenditure since the commencement of the operations up to the 30th September 1911, amounts to Rs. 2,09,690 exclusive of the pay and allowances of Patwaris paid from the Patwari cess.

- 49. Future Programme.—It is hoped that the Settlement Operations will be brought to a close by the end of June 1912. Any work left over then will be mere routine work which can be done under the supervision of the Revenue Officer.
- 50. Notice of Officers.—The Settlement Officer wishes to again bring to notice the excellent work done by Rai Sahib Pandit Sarup Narain, Assistant Settlement Officer, who has again been indefatigable in the performance of his very arduous duties. No less hard working was M. Mohammed Hussain, Settlement Superintendent and it is a matter of extreme regret that his health gave way under the strain of work.

Babu Jagat Narain Lal, Head Clerk and Lala Ganga Ram, Sadar Munsarim and later, Superintendent did especially good work in office while the Sadar Munsarims without fail, gave entire satisfaction.

- 51. Khalsa villages.—The total number of Khalsa villages excluding Roonds, and their area, remained the same as last year riz. 432 villages with an aggregate area of about 11,24.837 Bighas. Their full and correct details will be dealt with in the next year's report after the completion of settlement operations.
- 52. The land revenue demand according to old assessment, was Rs. 8,23,535 against Rs. 8,23,699 last year. The decrease of Rs. 164 was attributable to certain minor variations.
- 53. Cultivation.—The details of area under cultivation of Khalsa land etc., could not be had on account of settlement operations being in progress in the State.
- 54. Average Produce.—The average produce was reported to be 16 annas as in the last year.

The produce per Bigha as mentioned by zamindars this year is detailed below:-

		I	Mds.	. Srs.
Bajra	***	•••	5	10.
Jowar	•••	•••	5	0.
Gram	•••	•••	5	0.
Wheat	•••	***	6	20.
Barley	•••	•••	7	0.

55. Revenue collection.—The demand for the year under report was Rs. 8,23.535, out of which Rs.8,04,233 were realised, in addition to Rs. 11,756 realised in excess as dealt with hereafter, leaving a balance of Rs. 19,302 only as outstandings given below:—

Pargana.					Outstand	ling.	
Gird	•••	•••	•••	Rs.	2,317	13	0
Bari	•••	•••	•••	"	12,058	3	9
Baseri	•••	•••	•••	,,	2,825	3	6
Kolari	•••	•••	•••	,,	2,050	15	9
Rajakhe	era	•••	***	"	50	0	9
			Total	Rs.	19,302	4	9

The excess recoveries amounting to Rs. 11,756 were due to revenue collections commenced in Tahsil Bari and Baseri according to new assessment announced by the Settlement Officer, which had for some reason or other to be postponed till next year.

56. Revenue cases.—Excluding cases of confiscation of Jagir and Mua's rights, Execution of revenue decrees and cases relating to Customs and Nazul which were dealt with separately as miscellaneous, there were 95 cases pending on 30th September 10 in the Revenue Court; 1,417 were instituted during the year, making a total of 1,512 for disposal. Out of these, 1,418 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 94 pending at the close of the year.

Out of 24 appeals including 2 pending from the last year, that came up for disposal before the Ijlas-Khas against the decision of the Revenue Court, 14 were decided and 10 transferred to the Court of the Revenue Member of the State Council, which remained pending at the close of the year. Out of 14 appeals decided, 12 were rejected and only 2 accepted.

57. Settlement Committee.—There were 179 cases relating to restitution of villages pending before the Settlement Committee on 30th September 1910, and with 47 which were instituted during the year, the total came up to 226 for disposal. Of these, 118 were decided and 108 remained pending at the end of the year. The Committee held 24 meetings during the year.

Out of the 9 appeals preferred to the Ijlas-Khas against the decisions of the Settlement Committee, 4 were disposed of and the 5 remaining were left pending at the close of the year. All the four disposed of, were rejected.

58. Muafi Land — The Muafi land of all descriptions as reported last year to have remained on the 30th September 1910, was 66,192 Bighas and 2 Biswas with a revenue of Rs. 59,750-10-6. This together with a grant of 24 Bighas and 16

Biswas yielding a revenue of Rs. 64 which was omitted from the Muafi Register amounted to 66,216 Bighas and 18 Biswas with a revenue of Rs 59,814-10-6. Deducting the confiscation of 2 Bighas and 14 Biswas, valuing Rs. 8 made during the year, the balance that stood at the end of the year was 66,214 Bighas and 4 Biswas, with a revenue of Rs. 59,806-10-6.

- 59. Cash Muafi.—The Cash Muafi disbursed during the year amounted to Rs. 23,369-13-3 against Rs. 25,157-15-0 of the last year. The decrease of Rs. 1,788-1-9 being due to the confiscation of the Hereditary Muafi, previously paid to Chaudharies and Qanugos. Out of this money a trained staff of Qanugos will be employed by the Settlement Officer.
- 60. Cash Muafi cases.—There was no case pending from the last year.
 99 cases were filed during the year and were all disposed of.
- 61. Military Jagir.—No new jagir was granted during the year. Two jagirs of Rs. 348 were confiscated on account of the death of the jagirdars who left no heirs.
- 62. Banjaria Jagir.—Under this head, one jagir of Rs. 200 confiscated in the previous year on account of jagirdar's default in payment of village Chawkidar's pay was released and one jagir of Rs. 100 was confiscated during the year.
 - 63. Boundry Dispute.—No new dispute arose on the borders during the year.

The only one old case pending settlement on Dholpur-Karauli borders, is between the villages of Bhirawand in Dholpur and Dher in Karauli State.

- 64. Old Taccavi.—Rs. 7,805-4-3 out of old Taccavi advances were realised against Rs. 9,136 last year. The total amount realised during the past 10 years on this account came up to Rs. 94,278.
- 65. Taccavi advanced by the State Bank.—The total amount of Taccavi advances which remained outstanding at the commencement of the year, was Rs. 62,991-9-9 and Rs. 51,144-11-0 were advanced during the year, making a total of Rs 1,14,136-4-9 as principal, plus Rs 5,505-6-9 interest for the year both together amounting to Rs. 1,19,641-11-6.

Out of this, Rs. 44,993-1-3 were recovered during the year and the balance left was Rs. 74,648-10-3 at the end of the year.

66. State Bank—The State Bank continued to work satisfactorily during the year.

The capital of the Bank which consists purely of charitable investments, now stands at Rs. 2,68,241-5-0 against Rs. 2,53,916 last year.

- 67. The deposits during the year were Rs. 2,86,461-3-8 against Rs. 2,55,856-10-11 in the previous year.
- 68. Gross profits for the year amount to Rs. 39,436 against Rs. 40,473 last year.
- 69. The net profits were calculated at Rs. 7.556 per cent per annum or a little over $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

70. The Reserve Fund as shown in the last year, amounted to Rs. 14,600 and has since been raised to Rs. 20,000.

This amount has fetched an interest of Rs. 1,511-4-0 during the year to which a sum of Rs. 4,119 minus Rs. 630-13-0 written off as bad debts, has been added to make it Rs. 25,000.

- 71. Expenditure from Capital has been Rs. 2,133-5-9 on account of charitable disbursements.
- 72. The Balance Sheet, and Profit and Loss statement, Appendices XX and XX A will show full details of the financial position of the Bank on 30th September 1911.

The Bank held only 25 meetings, of which all were attended by Sardar Bahadur Bhagat Singh, 24 by Pandit Sheo Shankar, 23 by Tewari Umrao Singh, 14 by Nawab Khwaja Mohamed Khan, 11 by Sardar Umrao Singh, 8 by Col. Inderbir Singh and 6 by Mr. Thorpe.

73. The successful working of the Bank is due to the energetic and zealous refforts of its able Secretary, Risaldar Tewari Umrao Singh and his subordinates.

The members of the State Bank are also entitled to credit.

74. Poor House.—Out of the charitable funds of the State Bank, a poor house was established on 1st January 1911 in the Radha Behariji's temple to commemorate the memory of His late Highness the Maharaj Rana Nehal Singh.

In this poor house, 25 poor and needy persons are daily fed. Since the date of opening up to 31st August 1911, some 5,750 persons were fed at the cost of Rs. 765-2-9 which gave an average cost of $-\frac{12}{12}$ per head per diem.

CHAPTER III, PROTECTION.

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75. Appendix II gives a list of the laws in force in the State. No new Act was introduced during the year, although circulars and orders on various subjects concerning the different Departments of the State, were as usual, issued and added to the long list of standing orders enforced in the State during the Superintendency of Mr. H. C. Clogstoun, C. I. E.

MILITARY,

76. Strength.—The strength of the Military force on the 30th September 1911, is given below and compared with the figures of the preceding year:—

CAVALRY.—			1910.	1911.
Regular 2 Troops	***		121	125
Irregular 1 Troop	***	•••	5 0	25
Infantry.—				
Regular	***	•••	407	400
Irregular	•••	•••	417	398
Artillery Regular	•••	•••	37	40
Inspector General of Tr	oops' office	•••	11	12
	Total		1,043	1,000

ble decrease is under Cavalry Irregular Troop I, which is due to lehdar Sawars to the Police Department as Mounted Police.

Force in the Dholpur State.

77. Cost.—The total cost of the Department during the year was Rs. 1,13,847 against Rs. 1,11,809 last year.

The net increase of Rs. 2,038 under expenditure was due to the following changes:—

- Increase.	_	Decrease.
(1) 4 vacancies left in the previous year in Troop II, were filled	Rs.	(1) 25 Sillehdars were transferred to Police Department
up	437	for which actual expenditure
(2) 'A new Head clerk was appoint-		of Rs. 4,308-12-0 was
ed at Rs. 60 per month	660	decreased from Military.
(3) Increment of Re. 1 a month was granted to 3 hands in		
office	36	
(4) Leather belts supplied	3,737	
(5) Increment in sanctioned grade of Rs. 7 from Rs. 5/8/0 or 6/-	·	
granted to Reserve Detachment	1,477	
-		
Total	6,347	Total 4,309

Net increase of Rs. 2,038.

The only remarkable item is of Rs. 3,737 on account of the supply of leather belts during the year. New uniforms were also supplied but their cost is recovered from the sepoys, sawars and others.

. 78. Police.—Sardar Madan Singh remained in charge of the Police Department throughout the year.

For full particulars of strength, cost, discipline and education of Police, Appendix IV may be referred to.

The total strength including the Superintendent, was 380 against 393 last year and the total cost incurred was Rs. 35,894 against Rs. 26,277 in the previous year. The increase of Rs 9,617 is due to the promotions given and improvements made in the reorganization of this Department.

The pay of constables was raised from Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 and the pay and prospects of other appointments were also improved as the funds permitted, but there is still much room for improvement and this can only be effected by fixing suitable salaries for various grades.

79. Appendix V will show the working of the Police during the year. The number of accused convicted, was 249 against 246 last year, while the number of offences rose to 475 against 436 of the previous year.

The percentage of convictions to the accused arrested was 50 against 64 in the preceding year.

80. Appendix VI gives the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries made during the year.

Of the property valued at Rs. 6,031 stolen, recoveries amounting to Rs 2,544 were made, giving a percentage of 42 against that of 53 in the last year.

- 81. Important cognizable cases:—(a) Murder.—There were 2 murder cases against 5 last year. Of these one with 2 accused was disposed of, both accused being convicted and imprisoned for life while the other one with one accused, remained pending at the end of the year, in the Judicial Officer's Court. The one disposed of was due to a quarrel over the grazing of cattle in a field.
 - (b) Attempt to Murder.—There was one case of attempt to murder, in which 2 accused were concerned; both the accused were discharged for want of sufficient proof.
 - (c) Attempt to commit suicide.—There were 3 cases of attempt to commit suicide. All were disposed of. The numbers of accused convicted and discharged were respectively 2 and 1.
 - (d) Kidnapping.—There was one case of kidnapping with one accused, in which conviction was secured.
 - (e) Rape.—There were 6 cases of rape with 6 accused. In each case the accused was acquitted for want of sufficient proof.
 - (f) Counterfeiting coin.—There were 4 cases of counterfeiting coin, in which no conviction could be secured on account of insufficient proof.
 - (g) Taking illegal gratification.—In 4 cases of illegal gratification 2 of the 6 accused implicated were convicted and the others discharged.
 - (h) False personation.—Out of 4 cases of false personation as public servants with 11 offenders, only 2 cases were disposed of in which 7 accused were convicted, and the other 2 cases with 4 accused, remained pending at the end of the year.
 - (i) Lurking house tresspass by night.—There were 10 cases of lurking house tresspass by night, in which only 3 accused out of 14 were convicted.
 - (j) Extortion.—There were 4 cases with 23 accused. Of these 3 cases were disposed of, in which only 2 out of 20 accused implicated, were convicted.
 - (k) Enticing away a married woman.—There were 53 cases with 132 offenders. Of these 49 cases with 120 accused implicated were disposed of, leaving a balance of 4 cases with 12 accused pending at the end of the year.
 - In the 49 cases disposed of, only 6 accused were convicted and 114 discharged for want of sufficient proof.

- cases were disposed of. In the 3 cases disposed of, all of the 50 accused implicated were discharged for want of sufficient proof and only one case with 7 accused remained pending at the close of the year.
 - (m) Dishonest misappropriation of property.—There were 20 cases with 66 offenders for dishonestly misappropriating property. These were all disposed of with the results that 14 offenders were convicted and 52 acquitted.
 - (n) House-breaking.—There were 5 cases with 3 accused of house-breaking.

 All were disposed of, no conviction could be secured.
 - (o) Theft.—There were 156 cases of theft with 218 offenders, of which 152 cases were disposed of, with the results that 83 offenders were convicted, 116 discharged and 7 died or escaped. Only 4 cases with 12 offenders remained pending at the close of the year.
 - (p) Cattle lifting.—There were 45 cases of cattle lifting, of which 42 were finally disposed of. The number of accused convicted was 23, discharged 38 and dead and escaped 4.
 - (q) Theft by house-breaking.—Theft by house-breaking gave 52 cases during the year which were all disposed of with the results that 11 offenders were convicted and 33 discharged.
 - The above mentioned cases are some of the important heinous crimes that occurred during the year.
- 82. Relations with Foreign Police.—The relations of the State Police with the Police of the surrounding districts of British India and Native States, continued satisfactory throughout the year.

Periodical meetings when urgency required, were held as usual on the border both in this State and the British district of Agra which helped the speedy disposal of matters effecting criminals on both sides of the border.

- 83. The Superintendent Police and the Circle Inspector visited nearly all the Thanas and out-posts throughout the State.
- 84. Finger Impressions.—Finger impressions of 101 convicts were taken and submitted to the Abu Bureau during the year with the result that the previous convictions of 5 prisoners were traced.
- 85. The village Chaukidars.—The total number of village chaukidars was 358 against 346 last year. Their cost was Rs. 11,367 against Rs. 11,278 last year.
- 86. Ratio of Police to area and population.—There is one policeman to every 361 persons and 1.65 square miles including village chaukidars.
- 87. Important Captures.—Two proclaimed offenders whose capture was effected during the year, were as follows:—

- by Jaipur Durbar in the Dacoity of Jamalpur, and was also implicated in the Khezar-pur Dacoity, was arrested by Deputy Inspector Sukhpal Singh on 9th April 1911 at Bulgaon in Gwalior. But this man has not yet been made over to this State although a number of reminders have been issued.
- (b) Bhunna alias Mutrey Kanjar wanderer who for a dacoity was imprisoned for 7 years in the Agra Jail and was released on condition of good conduct, absconded having broken the conditions of the release and was consequently proclaimed for expture and wanted by the Agra Police.

He was arrested here at Dholpur and imprisoned for 3 months in the Dholpur Jail under Section 109 C. P. C. His capture was made on 6th July 1911 by Babu Ram Deputy Inspector.

88. Criminal Tribes.—The Kanjars shown in the Register of the Pachgaon Settlement on 30th September 1910, numbered 37 as given below:—

Present in the Settleme	nt	•••	•••	24
In the State Jail	• • •	•••	•••	1
In the Gwalior Jail	•••	•••	•••	8
In Agra Central Jail	•••	•••	•••	4
		Total	•••	37

Of these 4 absconded during the year and 4 of the absconders were re-arrested and convicted. Thus the total number of the Kanjars of the Settlement remained the same as last year.

89. The total population of Pachgaon Settlement at the end of the year was as follows:—

\mathbf{Men}	•••	•••	•••	41
Women	•••	•••	•••	31
Boys	•••	•••	•••	34
Girls	•••	•••	•••	37
			Total	143

They possessed 36 cows, 29 bullocks, 28 calves, 2 buffaloes and 6 sheep and goats, thus making a total of 101 cattle.

- 90. Of 228 Bighas 19 Biswas of culturable land in possession of Kanjars, 68 Bigh is were under Kharif cultivation and 44 Bighas under Rabi against 34 Bighas 17 Biswas under Kharif and 38 Bighas 16 Biswas under Rabi crop last year respectively.
- 91. Criminal Justice.—The total number of criminal cases for disposal in all the courts was 1,583 against 1,574 last year.

Of these, 1,499 cases were disposed of, against 1,553 last year, leaving a balance of 84 pending at the end of the year, against 21 in the previous year.

92. The number of appeals filed during the year was 139 against 123 last year. Out of these, 28 were filed in the Ijlas-Khas, 74 in the Judicial Officer's Court Sessions Court) and 37 in the Nizamat, the 1st Appellate Court.

Taking into account three appeals, pending from the last year in the Judicial) Officer's Court, the total number of appeals for disposal in all the Appellate Courts, was 142, out of which 136 appeals were disposed of, leaving only 6 undisposed, 4. in the Judicial Court and 2 in the Nizamat, at the close of the year.

- 93. The 28 appeals made in the Ijlas-Khas against the decisions of the Judicial Court (II Appellate Court), were all disposed of, 26 appeals being rejected, the decision in one appeal being reversed and in the remaining one being amended.
- 94. Civil Justice.—The original Civil suits instituted in all the courts during the year, numbered 842 against 631 last year. Adding 29 pending from the last year, the total number for disposal was 871, of which 743 were disposed of against 602 in the preceding year, leaving a balance of 128 pending at the close of the year.
- 95. The property in dispute in these 871 cases valued Rs. 1,49,382-1-9 against Rs. 1,06,962 last year.

Out of 871 cases for disposal, 51 were of landed property, 661 of money lending and 159 of other rights.

The disposal of 743 was made in the following manner:-

1.	Decided	•••	•••	•••	240
2.	Exparte	•••	•••	•••	73
3.	Admitted	•••	•••	•••	184
4.	Withdrawn or	compromised	•••	•••	87
5.	Rejected for no	n-attendance	of parties.	•••	145
6.	Otherwise disp	osed of	•••	•••	14

The value of these 743 cases disposed of, amounted to Rs. 1,23,762-1-6.

96. Execution of decrees.—The applications for execution of decrees including the balance of last year, numbered 407 against 449 of the previous year, amounting in value to Rs. 91,289-6-0 against Rs. 77,737 last year. Of these 345 valuing Rs. 74,573-11-6 were disposed of during the year and 62 of the value of Rs. 16,715-10-6 remained pending on the 30th September 1911.

The following is the summary of 62 applications pending:—

Below 6 months	•••	•••	•••	41
,, 12 ,,	•••	•••	•••	16
Above 12 months	•••	•••	•••	•5
		Total	•••	62

- 97. Civil Appeals.—The total of civil appeals that came up for disposal was 267 against 312 last year. Of these 253 were disposed of and 14 remained pending at the end of the year (vide Appendix X).
- 99. Total appeals preferred to the Ijlas-Khas against the decisions of the Judicial Officer's Court, were 77 during the year against 71 last year.

Of these, 73 were disposed of, and 4 remained pending at the close of the year.

Out of 73 appeals decided, 54 were rejected, 14 admitted, (upsetting the decisions of the Lower Appellate Court) and in the 5 remaining the decisions of the Judicial Officer's Court were modified.

- 99. Extradition.—The persons extradited into Dholpur during the year, numbered 4 against 14 last year. They were all extradited from Agra, three for theft and the one remaining for being in possession of stolen property. Of these 4, two were convicted and two were under trial at the end of the year.
- 100. Persons extradited from Dholpur, numbered 21 against 14 last year. Of these extradited, 8 were sent to Agra, 3 to Muttra, 1 to Jhansi, 4 to Bharatpur, 4 to Gwalior and 1 to Jaipur.

Out of those extradited, 13 were required in theft cases, 1 in a dacoity case, 2 in abortion cases, 1 in a poisoning case, 1 in a case of misappropriation, 1 in a case of counterfeiting coins and 2 in kidnapping.

The result of 4 has been communicated to the State, all of them being convicted for theft at Agra, whereas the result of the remaining 17 persons is still awaited.

101. Prisons.—Appendix XVI, shows the number and other particulars of the prisoners.

There were 112 (108 male and 4 female) prisoners at the beginning of the year under report. 165 were admitted, 166 discharged, 3 died and one escaped during the year, thus leaving 107 as a balance at the end of the year.

102. The following is a classified list of convicts regarding terms of imprisonment at the close of the year:—

Convicted	for life	•••	•••	15
7)	" 20 years	***	•••	2
71	" 15 to 19 years	•••	•••	5
71	,, 10 to 14 ,,	***	•••	4
ול	,, 6 to 9 ,,	***	• • •	10
71	,, 4 to 5 ,,	***	• • •	2
יני	,, 2 to 3 ,,	•••	• • • •	15
71	", 1 to 2 ",	***		26
71	" under one year	•••	•••	28
• ,	"			
		Total		107

103. The above mentioned 107 prisoners are all males and are of the following castles:

1.	Thakurs	***	•••	2	5
2.	Gujars	•••	***	1	8
3.	Kachhees	•••	•••	1	4
4.	Brahmans	•••	•••	1	2
5.	Kanjars	•••	•••	•••	8
6.	Musalmans	***	•••	•••	6
7.	Lodhas	•••	*13		4
8.	Menas	•••	•••	•••	2
9.	Berias	•••	•••	•••	2
10.	Chamar	•••	•••	•••	1
11.		•••	***	•••	1
12.	Other castes	•••	•••	1	4
				-	

Total ... 107

- 104. Lunatics.—Only one lunatic, named Ram Hans was admitted into the Jail during the year on 15th May 1911 and was released on the 26th May 1911.
- 105. Health.—The health of the prisoners remained good throughout the year. Out of 57 In-door patients treated in the Jail dispensary, 52 were cured and 3 died thus leaving a balance of 2 under treatment at the close of the year.
- 106. Conduct of prisoners.—The conduct of the prisoners is reported to have been fairly good during the year.
- 107. Marks of good conduct.—The system of giving marks to prisoners for good conduct, remains the same as last year.
- 103. Escape.—On 23rd March 1911, a prisoner, named Tulwa Kachhi, escaped from the Sadar Fuel Depôt from the custody of Munir Khan warder who was fined Rs. 15 for negligence in his duty. He was recaptured on the 22nd April 1911. But Surwan prisoner who was reported last year to have escaped is still at large and efforts are being made for his recapture.
- 109. Cost of prisoners.—The total cost of the Jail amounted to Rs. 7,125 excluding Industry Rs. 1,430 against Rs. 8,657 last year.

The average cost of diet per prisoner including Hawalaties and one Lunatic, was a little over /1/10 i. e. nearly the same as last year.

110. Jail industry and labour.—The Jail Factory is worked by the prisoners under the direction of the Jailor.

The articles manufactured are the same as reported last year.

III. Garden.—The total income of the garden was Rs. 462-1-0 against Rs. 377-7-6 last year. Out of Rs. 462-1-0, the vegetables valuing Rs. 359-14-6 were supplied to the prisoners, of Rs. 58-10-9 to Boarding House and of Rs. 43-8-9 sold to the public.

The expenditure of the garden amounted to Rs. 49-10-3 against Rs. 38-9-3 last year.

II2. The account of Jail Factory is as follows:-

Cash sale and realised debt	S	•••	Rs. 2,789		_	
Value of raw materials as goods in hand on 30th \$			673	15	3	
Out-standing debts	***	•••	2	0	0	
	Total	•••	3,465	2	0	-
Drawn from Treasury	***		1,897	2	6	
Value of raw materials as goods in hand on 30th S	_		733	7	7	
Profit	***	•••	834	7	11	
	Total	•••	3,465	2	0	

- 113. Inspections.—The following officers inspected the Jail and appeared to be satisfied with the arrangements:—
 - (1) Mr. R. E. Holland, I. C. S., Political Agent, Eastern States Rajputana.
 - (2) Capt. G. H. Anderson, I. A., Superintendent of the State.
 - (3) Col. E. Hore, Agency Surgeon, Eastern States Rajputana.
 - (4) Sardar Bahadur Bhagat Singh, Revenue Member of State Council Dholpur. He made frequent inspections which numbered 107 during the year under report.
- 114. Registration—The number of documents registered during the year was 227 against 241 last year.

The value of documents registered amounted to Rs. 91,592 against Rs. 1,02,027 in the previous year.

The classified list of documents registered during the current and past years, is as follows:—

			1910.	1911.
Mortgage deeds	•	•••	158	139
Sale deeds	•	•••	35	46
Bonds	•	•••	29	23
Miscellaneous	•	•••	19	19
	Total	•••	241	227

115. Stamps.—85,341 Stamps of all descriptions and of the total value of Rs. 27,720-10-3 were sold during the year, the details of sale being given below:—

Description.			Number.		V_{i}	alue.	
					Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Court fee	•••	33,420	•••	16,129	6	0
2.	Copying fee	•••	8,246	•••	1,926	10	0
3.	Receipt stamp	•••	4,908	•••	306	12	0
4.	Talbana	•••	3,836	•••	3,319	0	0
5.	Bond	•••	11,744	•••	5,676	9	6
6.	Petition paper	•••	23,187	•••	362	4	9
	Total	•••	85,341	•••	27,720	10	3
\$	Sale of year, 1909-10	•••	77,327	***	22,786	6	6
	Increase	•••	8,014	•••	4,934	3	9

The increase in the value of stamps sold, is due to the introduction of the enhanced rate of court fee in appeals.

The Treasurers continued to sell the stamps as usual and got a commission of Rs. 829-13-11.

116. The increase in stamp income alone during the last 10 years, as compared with that of the preceding period, amounts to Rs. 82,597.

TOWN COUNCIL, DHOLPUR.

- the change of post of the Chairman which fell vacant on account of the lamentable and premature death of His late Highness and has not yet been filled up (chairman for the time being is selected in each meeting out of the members present); the only other change being that a member, named Ishri Pershad Bohra, died on 15th June 1911.
- 118. Expenditure.—The total expenditure of the Town Council which is borne by the State, amounted to Rs. 3,659 against Rs. 2,664 last year.
- 119. Private houses and wells.—Only one well and 111 houses were constructed during the year against 4 and 66 respectively last year within the jurisdiction of the Town Council.
 - 120. Health.—The health of the town was good throughout the year.
- 121 Conservancy.—Conservancy arrangements were the same as last year and steps are being taken to improve them.
- 122. Weetings—Total meetings held during the year were 13 against 14 in the previous year.
- 123. Town Council Bari.—The next in importance to Dholpur Town Council is that of Bari.
- Changes.—Its constitution remained the same as last year. The only change in the members, was due to the death of one member, named Mohammed Amir Khan, the vacancy being filled up by Pandit Ganga Narain Head Master of the local school.
- 124. Expenditure.—The expenses of the Town Council of Bari amounted to Rs. 375-4-9 against Rs. 311-12-0 last year.
- 125. Private houses.—The number of houses and shops constructed within the Municipal jurisdiction, during the year under report, were 2 and 6 respectively against nul in the previous year.
- 126. Meetings.—The number of meetings held during the year, was 15 against 14 last year.
- 127. Town Councils in Rajakhera, Kolari, Baseri and Sirmathra Estate were started last year and are yet in a stage of infancy, except Sirmathra where the Council seems to have evinced much interest in its work, especially towards sanitation.

No extra staff has been found necessary for these councils.

CHAPTER IV.

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PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

128. Rainfall and Crops.—The average rainfall of the year amounted to 27.78 inches as against 28.90 for the previous year. These figures are, however, very anisleading as 8.88 inches fell in October 1910 and 1.39 inches in January 1911.

The distribution of the remainder was as follows: —

June	•••	***	1.57
July	•••	•••	0.99
August	***	•••	5.15
September	•••	•••	9.35

- 129. The monsoon rainfall may really be said to have commenced from August 19th. Distribution over the State was rather uneven, ranging from (omitting the figures previous to June 1911) 11:58 in Baseri to 20:10 in the Dholpur Tahsil.
- 130. Crops—The average produce reported was full i. e. 16 annas as in the last year.
- 131. Prices of food grains.—Prices have been easier during the year, even the late arrival of the monsoon did not effect them to the extent, thought probable. The large stocks noted as accumulated last year, probably account for this. These stocks must have decreased largely owing to the late monsoon and partial failure of the Kharif. Large imports of the cheaper food grains took place in August and September.

Prices at the close of the year were lower than in the corresponding month of the previous year.

132. Trade and Manufacture.—Trade has been good throughout the year, the effect of the shortage in the Kharif crop will be felt later.

Flour Mill.—Several attempts to work the Flour Mill, resulted in financial loss to the owner.

The Ginning Factory.—Had a successful season and fetched an income of Rs. 1,721-6-6 to the State on account of royalty during the year.

- 133. State Press.—The Press continued to improve during the year. The following machines were received and fitted up in addition to those of the last year.
 - 1. Golden Blocking machine.
 - 2. Envelopes machine.
 - 3. Mill boards cutting machine.

The Litho presses were reduced from 3 to 1 only according to the requirements of the year.

134. The Press work was very heavy throughout the year, but all demands of the Settlement, Census, Dholpur-Bari Railway, Engineering and all other Departments of the State were promptly met.

About 34,77,000 forms were printed. Average convict labour employed monthly in the Press, was 632 against 774 last year. Of this, skilled labour was 400 against 542 of the previous year.

135- The value of printed forms left in stock as balance on the 30th September 1910, was Rs. 5,819-11-8. The total value of the forms turned out during the year amounted to Rs. 13,841-10-0, thus making a total of Rs. 19,661-5-8.

Out of this the adjustments on account of forms supplied or sold during the year to State Departments etc., excluding price of paper used therein plus cash realizations from Tahsils at 161-% on assessment, amounted to Rs. 11,568 vide Appendix XIV.

But if the Tahsil realizations be left out of consideration and the price of paper used in forms supplied, be taken into account, as reported by the Press, the adjustment figure, amount to Rs. 14,072-7-3 against Rs. 14,065-11-8 last year, thus leaving a balance of Rs. 5,566-10-8 as stock in hand at the close of the year and outstanding debts of Rs. 22-3-9 to be realised.

136. The printing, composing and binding charges of the year, amounted to Rs. 8,017-1-9 against Rs. 7,311-7-0 last year while the value of the paper used was Rs. 5,824-8-3 against Rs. 6, 754-4-8 in the previous year.

The total expenditure of the Press during the year amounted to Rs. 11,415-3-2 as per detail below:—

			An	nour	ıt.
1.	Prisoners' labour at /2]- each, a day	***	932	12	0
2,	Establishment	• • •	2,478	2	0
3.	Interest on capital Rs. 8,218 at 6/- %	***	431	5	3
4.	Depreciation of machinery at 10/- % po	er annum	718	14	5
5.	Contingencies and other expenses	***	1,029	9	3
ъ.	Paper	•••	5,824	8	3
	Total	Rs	11,415	3	. 2

137. The net profit of the Press during the year under report amounted to Rs. 2,426-6-10 against Rs. 2,423-14-11, nearly the same as last year, as shown below:—

Receipts Expenditure	•••	•••	***	Rs. 13,841 11,415	10	0	
Last por moure			Net profit	2,426			

If the cost of convict labour, interest and depreciation be deducted from the expenses, the profit would swell to Rs. 4,509-6-6.

133. Workshops.—The workshops have as usual been working full time.

The total output amounted to Rs. 76,853 as against Rs. 74,960 last year.

The daily average number of skilled workmen employed, was 123 and unskilled 62 being slightly more than last year.

The supervising staff remained the same.

139. The Soda Water Factory.—During a portion of the year, the 30 la Water Factory was transferred to the Club, again coming back to the Workshops in July 1911. The total cutput for the year, amounted to 2,718 dozen bottles, resulting in a net profit of Rs. 504.

140. Excise and Customs.—There has been no change in the contract for the import and sale of intoxicating drugs, while the contract for liquor rose from Rs. 8,500 to Rs. 9,400 a year for 3 years with effect from 1st October 1910. The other sources of income under this head were the same as last year, viz. professional taxes, mart and fair imposts and tobacco duties etc.

The total receipts amounted to Rs. 52,360 against Rs. 46,636 last year, showing an increase of Rs. 5,724.

The principal items of increase are:—

P					Rs.
1.	Sarad fair	•••	•••	•••	1,864
2.	Ginning Factory		•••	•••	1,721
3.	Tobacco	•••	•••	•••	1,409
4.	Professional taxes	•••	•••	•••	877
5.	Liquor	•••	•••	•••	766
6.	Intoxicating drug	s	•••	•••	I 42
7.	Widow marriage	•••	•••	•••	160
8.	Miscellaneous	•••	•••	• • •	201
			Total	•••	7,140
The main iter	ns of decrease are :	_	Total	•••	7,140
The main iter	ns of decrease are : Weekly markets	_ 	Total	•••	7,140
				•••	·
1.	Weekly markets	•••	•••	•••	847
1. 2.	Weekly markets Hides contract		•••	•••	847 149

Net increase is Rs. 5,724.

- 141. Professional taxes.—The assessment demand of the professional taxes amounted to Rs. 20,834-5-6 against Rs. 19,395-0-9 last year.
- 142. The realizations came up to Rs. 20,799-12-9 leaving a balance of Rs. 34-8-9 only. Besides, Rs. 204-13-0 were realised out of arrears.
- 143. The total receipts under other heads of customs, such as weekly markets, fairs and tobacco etc., amounted to Rs. 17,760-8-9 including Rs 87-9-0 on account of the old outstandings.
- 144. Salt.—The fixed annuity of Rs. 60,000 as salt compensation, was received from the British Government, in full, on due dates, during the year.
- 145.—Karkhanajat.—The total expenditure of the Karkhanajat for the year, amounted to Rs. 1,02,927 against Rs. 1,02,864 of the previous year.

The following are the Karkhanas with expenditure shown against each, as compared with figures of the previous year:—

				3	1909-10.	1910-11.
					Rs.	Rs.
1.	Stables and Bag	gikhana	***	*1*	65,086	64,465
2.	Grass Depôt	•••	***	***	11,326	12,321
3.	Elephants	4 4 4	***	***	3,365	3,668
4.	Camels	***	•••	•••	1,642	2,287
5.	Kine	•••	•••	•••	5,092	5,096
6.	Rathkhana	***	•••	•••	3,130	2,794
7.	Bullocks	***	•••	•••	3,568	3,950
8.	Shikargah	•••	***	•••	2,513	2,631
9.	Stallion horses	***	•••	•••	715	785
10.	Farrashkana	***	•••	•••	6,333	4,855
11.	Khor Lawaris	•••	***	***	94	75
	•		Total	*** .	1,02,864	1,02,927
12.	Gardens	***	***	•••	17,954	20,325
			Grand total	•••	1,20,818	1,23,252

The increase of Rs. 645 under Camels is due to purchase of 6 new camels worth Rs. 592 and consequent increase in their feeding etc., while increase of Rs. 2,371 under Gardens is attributable to improvements made in the gardens of Gulab Bagh, Bhilgaon, Palace and Shikargah.

146. Public works.—Appendix XIII shows the expenditure on Public Works, aggregating Rs. 2,43,284. Deducting Rs. 37,937, the cost of establishment and adding Rs. 44,499 for the value of works executed for and charged to other departments, the percentage of supervision to works executed equals to 15.18 % against 13.5% last pear.

147. The principal works executed were :-

- 1. The completion of the new west way of the Palace at a cost of Rs. 62,106 which was chiefly spent on interior decorations, sanitary and electric light fittings.
- 2. The Ram Sagar expenditure amounted to Rs. 76,229 during the year, bringing the total expenditure since the commencement of the work to Rs. 3,61,025.

The amount provided for its completion in the next year's budget is Rs. 40,000.

Owing to the failure of the contractor in April, this work had to be taken over for completion departmentally.

The late and scanty rainfall saved the main dam which was incomplete, from serious damage. The failure of the contractor, also necessitated the cutting of the dam and the insertion of a temporary weir. Five feet of water only above the sill of sluice was impounded.

3. Extension of the Public Offices.—Rs. 11,127 was spent on the building of additional accommodation in the Cutchery. The Record rooms are now approaching completion.

- 4. A small bungalow for the use of Mr. Adamson, is under construction. The cost up to end of September 1911, amounted to Rs. 4,132-8-3 and Rs. 3,457 have been provided in the next year's budget for the completion of the bungalow and its out-houses.
- 148. Irrigation.—The total area irrigated by tanks during the year, was 1,269 Bighas $9\frac{1}{2}$ Biswas against 1,673 Bighas $16\frac{3}{4}$ Biswas last year and the realizations for the year amounted to Rs. 943 against 1,248 last year.

The decrease has been due to the breach of the dam of Umreh Tal and incompletion of Ram Sagar dam.

- 149. D.-B. Railway.—The Railway progress continues to be satisfactory notwithstanding the famine conditions obtaining in July and August 1911.
- 150. The gross receipts aggregated Rs. 49,087 being an increase of Rs. 3,914 or 8 per cent.
- 151. The working expenses amounted to Rs. 26,574 or 54.14 % of the gross earnings as against 73.14 per cent last year.
- 152. Capital Account.—Rs. 36,996 has been spent during the year and includes the cost of the surveys of the Rajakhera and Tantpur extension (Rs. 3,080). Rs. 31,347 has been spent on new rolling stock in view of these extensions being made. The remainder is in improvement of existing station buildings and fencings.
- 153. The length of the line remains the same as last year, viz 19 miles, 50 chains plus 3 miles 69 chains of sidings.
- 154. The cost of maintenance per mile of main line was Rs. 308 or Rs. 258 per mile on the main line and sidings, 23.48 miles in all.
- 155. Suspense Account.—The Revenue suspense account stood on the last day of the year at Rs. 38,316.
- 156. Works in hand.—Minor improvements such as fencing the yard and the completion of the Goods Shed, at Bari have been done.

Sanction was received from the Railway Board to the proposal to construct an extension from Bari to Tantpur. The survey has been completed and the detailed project will shortly be submitted for the sanction of the Railway Board.

The survey of the proposed Rajakhera extension, for which sanction was received last year, has been carried out, but the completion of the project has been delayed by the Tantpur Project.

157. Net Profits.—The net profit amounts to Rs. 22,513 being an increase of Rs. 10,379 over last year. It represents a return of 2.92 per cent on the full capital and suspense account. If the expenditure due to the extensions (including new rolling stock constructed in anticipation) is excluded the return is 3.05 per cent for the year. It may be noted that no portion of the State Engineer's pay is debited to the Railway as his whole pay is charged to the P. W. D.

· 158. Statistics.—The following figures taken from the audited Revenue Account from the half year ending June 30th 1911, are interesting:—

The total train mileage for the half year was 10,720 of which half was passenger and half goods train mileage. The cost per train mile was Re. 1-5-0.

The cost of carrying a passenger one mile was 151 anna (1.8 pies) and the average sum received 252 anna (3 pies).

The cost of carrying a ton of goods 1 mile was '662 anna (8 pies) and the average sum received for doing it 1.037 annas.

The average number of passengers in a train at any one time, was 140. 7,40,666 passengers and 1,71,723 tons of goods were carried 1 mile in the half year.

- 159. Forest Income.—The total income of the Forest Department was Rs. 11,023 against Rs. 9,166 last year. The increase of Rs. 1,857 is due to adjustments of cost price of charcoal and firewood supplied to Palace and all other Departments of the State which was not done before.
- 160. Expenditure.—The total expenditure including bills of Rs. 1,603-13-6 relating to last year's expenses but adjusted during the year under report amounted to Rs. 17,668 against Rs. 17,865 in the previous year.
- 161. Charcoal.—The balance in stock from the last year was 650 maunds worth Rs. 325 at /8/- per maund. The quantity manufactured during the year was 5,309 maunds costing Rs. 3,613-14-9 making the total quantity of 5,959 maunds valuing Rs. 3,938-14-9. Deducting 250 maunds as wastage and coal dust turned up at the end of the year, the quantity left was 5,709 maunds, costing Rs. 3,938-14-9 which gave an average cost price per maund at /11/- nearly.

Of this quantity, 924 maunds of charcoal were sold to the public for Rs. 709-8-6 and 3,926 maunds valuing Rs. 2,699-1-0 at the cost price, were supplied to the Palace and various departments of the State, thus leaving at the end of the year, a balance of about 859 maunds valuing Rs. 590-4-0 at the cost price of /11/- per maund.

- 162. The average cost price of charcoal as mentioned above, has been /11/- per maund. The reason of the cost price being higher than before, is due to the fact that besides the establishment specially kept at the Fuel Depôt Sadar, Bari and Kaisarbagh, 25% of the pay of the Forest Officer as well as all the Inspectors, Jamadars and Sepoys who in one way or the other, helped in the collection of charcoal and firewood i.e. Rs. 1,484-15-9 has been charged on the expenditure side and also 250 maunds of wastage of charcoal during the year, has been omitted in the calculation of cost.
- 163. Charcoal was sold to the public at Dholpur Sadar Depôt at one rupee per maund and at Bari Depôt at /12/- per maund while the blacksmiths and other crafts men are given at a concession rate of /10/- per maund.
- 164. Firewood.—The total quantity of firewood, stored during the year was 22,151 maunds, worth Rs 5,627-5-3 including the balance of 4,311 maunds, priced Rs. 920-9-0 from the last year.

Of the above, 5,711 maunds were sold to public for Rs. 1,882-7-3 and 10,422 maunds valuing Rs. 2,899-4-3 were supplied to the Palace and other various Departments of the State.

The balance left at the end of the year was 6,017 maunds including an approximate wastage of 815 maunds as per Depôt registers. Taking away the deficit of 815 maunds, being due to driage and wastage during the year out of 22,151 maunds, the actual balance left was 5,202 maunds valuing Rs. 1,381-14-0 at the cost price /4/3 per maund. This gave Rs. 587-3-9 as profit earned.

- 165. The average cost of storing firewood per maund, was /4/3 while the rate of sale to the public at the Sadar Depôt Dholpur, was /6/6, at Bari Depôt about /5/3 and in the Muffasil /4/- per maund respectively.
- 166. Tax on firewood.—The license fee which was 6 pies and one anna per head-load and ass-load respectively imposed in the previous year, were reduced to 3 pies and 6 pies for head-load and ass-load respectively as a famine relief for six months with effect from 15th August 1911.
- 167. Tax realisation.—Total amount realised as 'license tax' was Rs. 684-6-9 in addition to Rs. 68-10-3 realised as royalty etc., at /2/- per rupee on price of trees sold by zamindars on obtaining previous sanction of the Forest Department, in their fields.
- 163. Nurseries.—There were 13 nurseries with over 40,000 plants in them; the most important ones are at Dholpur and Gundhriai.
- 169. Road-side Plants.—The plantation of road-side trees on various roads, has been receiving fair attention of the Department. The plants along the principal roads of Dholpur, are doing well and in some cases, have grown into trees, no longer requiring any Departmental care.
- 170. Protection of Plants.—1,175 pits, each measuring one cubic yard were dug during the year, at the average cost of 11.5 pies, their total cost being Rs. 70-3-6. And 2,937 earthen circular enclosures were made newly around the plants, costing Rs. 655-4-0 which gave an average cost of /3/11 per enclosure.
- 171. Sowing seed in jungles.—A large amount of seed of Vilaiti Babool, Sheesham, Nim and Hingota was sown in the rainy season, one-third of which have germinated.
- 172. Personnel.—Mr. Rama Swami Iyer, B. A., continued to hold the charge up to 16th March 1911 when he proceeded on 6 months' leave without pay and resigned the post subsequently. He was relieved by Babu Harbhagwan Anand, Auditor of Accounts, who held the charge as Forest Officer till the close of the year.

During the period, Babu Harbhagwan Anand was in charge, no complaints regarding the supply of firewood and charcoal, were received and the work was smoothly carried on.

173. Grass Depot.—The Grass Depôt continued to be in charge of Col. Inderbir Singh, Superintendent Stables up to 30th August 1911 when Abdul Gaffar Khan was appointed on the 31st August 1911, as a separate officer in charge of the Grass Depôt and Khor.

174. Expenditure.—The budget allotment for the year was Rs. 10,000 against Rs. 9,746 last year.

The actual expenditure was Rs. 12,321-3-0 in addition to two bills of Rs. 2,631-6-6 left pending at the close of the year, against Rs. 11,133 in the previous year.

Taking the bills of Rs. 2,631-6-6 pending into calculation, the increase over the last year, comes to Rs. 3,820 which was due to high prices of fodder etc., on account of the pinch of scarcity felt in June, July and early part of August 1911.

175. Storage.—The table given below, gives the details of fodder stored during the year:—

Fodder.		Last year's balance.			Stored during	Total.	
			Mds.		Mds.		Mds.
Hay	***	444	3,881	•••	28,730	•••	32,611
Bhusa	•••	•••	299	•••	6,836	•••	7,135
Karab	44	•••	8	•••	0	•••	8
Green g	rass	*44	Nil.	***	12,624	•••	12,624
T	otal	•••	4,188	•••	48,190	•••	52,378

176. Consumption.—Out of the above, the following quantity was sold or supplied to various Karkhanajat of the State:—

Fodder.			Maunds.		
Hay	***	•	***	30,390	
\mathbf{Bhusa}	•••	•••	•••	7,063	
Karab	•••	***	***	8	
Green grass	***	•••	•••	12,624	
		Total	•••	50.085	

177. Balance.—The balance left at the end of the year was :-

Fodder.	Sadar.		Muffasil.		Total.	
	Mds.		Mds.		Mds.	
Hay	1,405	***	816	•••	2,221	
Bhusa	72	•••	•••	***	72	
Total	1,477	•••	816	•••	2,293	

The rates of fodder received at the Sadar Grass Depôt have been as under :-

Fodder.		1	1909-10			1910-11			
Hay	•••	•••	4 Mds. p	er rupe	31	Mds	per rupe	e.	
Bhusa			3 ,,	"		22	, ,		
Green	_	•••	$6\frac{3}{4}$,,	23	7 §		"		
Karab	•••	•••	6 ,,	•,	_	purch	ased.		

If the bills amounting to Rs. 2,631-6-6 which are pending in the Dewani Office as reported above be included under expenditure for the year, the rates of hay and Bhusa per rupee, as worked out, will come to 3 maunds and 1 maund 33 seers respectively.

178. Quarries.—The net profit for the year amounts to Rs. 20,101 against Rs. 20,801 last year, being a decrease of Rs. 700 or 3.4 per cent from the last year.

The decrease has been solely due to the falling in of the Royalty contract of the Baseri and Sirmathra Quarries which had to be worked departmentally with a very late start. This contract brought in Rs. 5,000 annually. In the circumstances, the working may be regarded as satisfactory, the opening of the Nagda Muttra Railway rendering competition increasingly difficult to meet.

The figures being slightly smaller than last year.

- 180. Capital Account.—Rs. 360 has been written off during the year as bad debts and Rs. 101 added from surplus profit, leaving the capital amount at the end of the year Rs. 28,052.-7-1.
 - 181. Assets and Liabilities.—Outstandings amounted to Rs. 31,977

Leaving a balance at credit ... , 3,924
... , 3,924
... , 3,924
... , 28,053

All assets are believed to be good, large payments on account of some of the larger accounts considered doubtful last year, having been received.

- 182. Treasury Remittance.—Rs. 20,000 have been paid into the Treasury, the same as last year.
- 183. Stock.—The value of stock in hand has slightly increased and stands now at Rs. 8,473.
 - 184. Accidents.—No accident or injury to staff has occurred during the year.

The work of the staff has improved.

185. Prospects.—Considering the competition, prospects are fairly good.

With the opening of the Bari-Tantpur extension, they should improve.

- 186. Post and Telegraph Offices.—Postal and Telegraphic arrangements are the same as last year.
- 187. Telephone.—The total length of telephone lines remains the same as last year.
- 188. General condition of the people and the State.—The condition of the people and the State was fairly good. There was a spell of famine conditions for a while owing to the failure of rains at the beginning, but it soon disappeard with the copious rains that followed.

The people's health was fairly good. The prices of food stuff and the wages of skilled and unskilled labour were normal.

CHAPTER Y.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

- 189. Balance.—The opening balance at the commencement of the year under report was Rs. 28,232 and the closing balance Rs. 16,461 at the end of the year.
- 190. Income and Expenditure.—The following are the figures of Ordinary and Extra-ordinary Receipts and Expenditure for the year, as compared with those of the previous year:—

Year.		Receipts.	${\it Expenditure.}$
1909-10	Rs.	12,82,450	11,26,006
1910-11	"	12,63,688	12,29,771
	,,	- 18,762	+ 1,03,765

- igi. Reasons of decrease.—The net decrease of Rs. 18,762 appears chiefly due to decrease in expected realisation of outstanding arrears of Land Revenue, whilst there has been a general and noticeable increase under most of the heads.
- 192. Increase under Expenditure.—The increase under expenditure is due to unforeseen expenses such as the demise of His late Highness, the Allahabad Exhibition, Census, the marriage of His Highness the present Maharaj Rana and donations for various Memorial Funds.
- 193. Arrears.—The arrears of Fixed Land Revenue that remained unrealised on 30th September 1910, amounted to Rs. 3,96,225, out of which Rs. 82,620 were recovered during the year, leaving a balance of Rs. 3,13,605. Rs. 19,302 were left unrealised out of the year's demand, which added to Rs. 3,13,605 make up a total of Rs. 3,32,907 at the end of the year under report.
- 194. Assets and Liabilities.—The assets of the State that stood at the close of the year, amounted to Rs. 13,08,027 and consisted of as under:—

1	(a) Cash balance at Treasury	•••	Rs.	16,461
	(b) Cash with Imprest holders	•••	"	56,789
2	(a) Railway Capital	•••	"	7,32,232
	(b) ,, Suspense Account	•••	"	38,316
3	Workshop Stock	•••	77	34,933
4	Quarry Capital Account	•••	"	28,052
5	Land Revenue Arrears	•••	"	3,32,907
6	Other Arrears	•••	"	41,953
7	Taccavi Outstandings of the period of			
	R. B. Munshi Bishan Sarup	•••	"	26,384
		Total	Rs.	13,08,027

Large portions of the items 5, 6 and 7 which are irrecoverable, will have to be struck off after the Settlement Operations are over or on some future befitting occasion.

195. Liabilities.—Under liabilities of the State, falls only one item of Rs. 85,000 due to State Bank on account of the loan taken during the year.

196. To show what gradual development the State has made in finances during the last ten years, in comparison to the corresponding previous ten years of Rai Bahadur Munshi Bishan Sarup's Dewanship Appendix XXV is attached.

A perusal of the statement would show that the Receipts were more by Rs. 16,56,585 while Ordinary Expenditure was less by Rs. 8,52,431 thus giving a total gain to the State of Rs. 25,09,016 during the last ten years, which means a gain of about Rs. 2,50,000 yearly.

This amount was utilised mainly in building the D. B. Railway and constructing the Ram Sagar Tank as well as in liquidating the State Debts which amounted to Rs. 13,97,471.

CHAPTER YI.

VITAL STATISTICS.

- 197. Dispensaries.—During the year under report, there were one hospital and two dispensaries in the State, viz the hospital at Dholpur and the dispensaries at Bari and Rajakhera.
- 198. Attendance of patients.—513 In and 48,003 Out patients were treated against 196 In and 50,080 Out patients of the preceding year, showing an increase of 317 In patients and a decrease of 2,077 Out patients.
- 199. Surgical Operations.—The number of Surgical operations performed during the year under report, was 1,716 against 1,187 in the previous year, showing an increase of 529 operations.
- 200. Epidemic Disease:—Plague.—The number of seizures reported was 232, of which 183 proved fatal. The first case which was imported from Gwalior, occurred on the 15th January 1911. Dholpur city and Rajakhera were chiefly infected where the disease continued for about four months, ending in the last case which occurred on the 8th May 1911.
- 201. Vaccination.—The number of primary vaccinations was 7,022 against 6,727 in the preceding year, of which 7,022 were successful.

The average number of operations performed by each Vaccinator was 1,003·14 against 961 of the last year. 26·66 per mille of the population were successfully vaccinated, against 24·77 in the preceding year. 6·36 and 100·00 per cent of the vaccinations performed were inspected by the Agency Surgeon and the Assistant Superintendent of Vaccination. The percentage of cases, found successful of total number inspected by the Agency Surgeon was 99·55 and 86·25 by the Assistant Superintendent of Vaccination.

The expenditure including the pay of the establishment, was Rs. 901-7-8 against Rs. 857 last year.

202. Expenditure.—The amount incurred on the Medical relief afforded at the hospital in the capital and at the dispensaries in the State, was Rs. 11,629/against Rs. 9,078/- in the preceding year, showing an increase of Rs. 2,551/- which is mostly due to the re-engagement of the Assistant Surgeon and introduction of the new scale of pay of the Sub-Assistant Surgeons.

The total expenditure of the Department was Rs. 15,008/- against Rs. 12,322 last year as detailed below:—

				Rs.
Cost of Sadar and Mof	ussil Dispen	saries	•••	11,629
Vaccination	•••	•••	•••	901
Native Physicians	•••	•••	•••	2,478
			Total Rs	15,008

Besides the following items are chargeable to the Medical Department and have been shown under their proper heads in the Financial statement:—

		\mathbf{R}	s.
Contribution to the appointment of Agency	Surgeon	and	
his Office Clerks	•••	3,2	25
Pension Contribution of Sub-Assistant Surgeons	•••	1	87
Sub-Assistant Surgeons' reserve fund at Ajmer	•••	.2	16
Charcoal Supplied by the Forest Department	•••		9
	Total .	3.6	37

The total charges of all kinds debitable to the Medical Department, amount to Rs. 18,645/- against Rs. 14,253/- last year.

203. Births and Deaths.—The number of births and deaths registered during the year, stood at 6,285 and 4,552 respectively against 5,607 and 3,591 in the last year, the ratio per mille of population being 23.86 and 17.28 (vide Appendix XVIII.)

CHAPTER VII.

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PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

- 204. Number of schools.—The number of schools reduced from 32 to 31 during the year. The school at Moroli was closed on account of lack of interest of the people there.
- 205. Enrolment.—The total number of scholars reading in all the above schools is 1,773 against 1,657 last year. The attendance during the year averaged 1,419 as compared with 1,315 of the previous year, showing an increase of 104 on the last year, which is indicative of the increasing interest taken by the boys in education.
- 203. Caste and Occupation.—The scholars on roll can be classified thus according to their castes:—

	Brahmins	•••	•••	•••	•••	500
	Banias	•••	•••	•••	•••	434
	Kaysths	•••	•••	•••	•••	195
	Rajputs	•••	***	•••	•••	184
	Musalmans	•••	•••	•••	•••	160
	Jats	•••	•••	•••	•••	65
1	Others	•••	•••	•••	•••	235
					Total	1,773

Their occupations are as follows:—

Service	•••	•••	•••	•••	672
Trade	• • •	•••	•••	•••	411
Agriculture	•••	•••	•••	•••	525
Miscellaneous	111	•••	•••	•••	165
				Total	1,773

207. Languages.—The classification of the students reading various languages, stands as noted below:—

	1909-10	1910-11
Reading English	219	242
" Hindi	1,379	1,442
" Urdu	.59	89
Total	1,657	1,773

- 203. Ratio to population and area.—The ratio of scholars to population which is 2,63,399 according to Census of 1911, comes to about 7 per mille while that of existing schools to area and number of villages in the State, remains nearly the same as last year viz one school to every 39 square miles which on an average, provides educational needs of about 17 villages.
- 209. Girls' school.—There are 60 girls reading at present in the Girls' school with an average daily attendance of 42 during the year. They are taught Hindi and Elementary Arithmetic in addition to sewing, knitting, cooking etc.
- 210. Sanskrit Patshala.—This Patshala as reported last year, is meant solely for students studying only Sanskrit. The number of these students decreased during the year from 11 to 3 only. This falling off obviously indicates the declining interest of students in the study of Sanskrit language.
- 211. Boarding House.—The number of boarders rose during the year from 48 to 51 which continued till the end of the year.

The total expenditure of the Boarding House, amounted to Rs. 1,959-6-9 against Rs. 2,004-6-3 last year, and the monthly cost per boarder averaged Rs. 4-4-3 against Rs. 5-8 in the preceding year. The total receipts under fee realizations of the Boarding House, including the State Bank contribution of Rs. 500, amounted to Rs. 1,008-4-3. The number of free boarders and orphans at the end of the year, stood 17 and 5 respectively against 18 and 7 last year.

- 212. Examination results.—16 students were sent up this year from the Sadar Maharana High School Dholpur for the Rajputana Anglo Vernacular Middle Examination, of whom 7 passed, 3 in the 2nd Division and 4 in the 3rd. The results of other classes of the Maharana School were also good.
- 213. Affiliation of Maharana school.—The Maharana school was affiliated to the Allahabad University for Matriculation Examination during the year and has thus become a High School.

214. Vernacular Middle schools.—The number of Vernaeular Middle Schools remains the same as last year. The results of these schools in the final Middle Examination are as under:—

		Boys	sent u	p for				
School.		Examination.					Passed.	
Dholpur city	•••	•••	1	•••	•••	•••	1	
Baseri	•••	•••	3	•••	•••	•••	2	
Sepau	•••	•••	2	•••	•••	•••	1	
		-		•				
		Total	G				4	

- 215. Inspections.—During the year, the Maharana High School was visited by the Honorable, A.G.G. in Rajputana, the Political Agent Eastern States, Rajputana, the Superintendent and the Revenue Member of the State Council.
- 216. Income and expenditure.—The total school fee realizations were Rs. 1,882-15-9. The net expenditure including that of the Boarding House, amounted to Rs. 14,262-4-9 against Rs. 13,409/- last year. The increase is due to the improvements effected in the school on account of its affiliation with the Allahabad University.
 - 217. Games and Sports.—Games and Sports continued as usual.
- 218. Personnel changes.—Baboo Kannoo Mal, M.A., who had been officiating as Inspector of schools at the commencement of the year during the absence of Pt. Narotum Dutt, B.A., on leave, continued holding this charge in addition to his own duties till 5th May 1911. Since that date Pt. Narotum Dutt, B.A., remained Inspector up to 30th June 1911 when he was appointed Manager Sirmathra.

This post of Inspector remained vacant from 1st July to 5th September 1911, when Pt. Brij Mohau Lal, B.A., was appointed Inspector of schools as well as Head Master Maharana High School Dholpur, which he held till the close of the year.

CHAPTER VIII.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

219. Sirmathra.—The Estate remained throughout the year under the State management. During the year under report the troubles with the Jhiri Thakurs culminated in their assuming an open and defiant attitude towards the Durbar.

In consequence an armed force had to be sent against them. After some show of resistance they had finally to submit.

The Rao, whose attitude during these disturbances, had not been satisfactory has now, it is hoped, recognized the error of his ways.

Rs. 70.040 of which Rs. 63,3:10-3-0 were realised against Rs. 63,083-4-3 last year leaving a lalance of Rs. 6,699-13-0 as arrears at the end of the year, the greater portion of which is due to over-estimation of receipts for Kham Tahsil villages.

- 221. Cultivation.—The area under Kharif crops was 14,521 bighas as against 21,983 bighas in the previous year, showing a fall of 7,462 bighas from the last year and was due to the total failure of the rice crops on account of the late monsoon, while that of Rabi was 12,173 bighas against 7,166 bighas in the preceding year.
- 222. Debts.—The Estate owed Rs. 1,79,819-7-9 to the State Bank at the close of the year ending 30th September 1910 and a sum of Rs. 12,548-13-3 accrued as interest thereon for the year, thus making a total of Rs. 1,92,368-5-0. Of this amount Rs. 10,000 were paid during the year, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,82,368-5-0 due to the State Bank on 30th September 1911.
- 223. Finances.—The opening balance on the 1st October 1910, was Rs. 547-3-9. The income from all sources during the year amounted to Rs. 86,943-4-9 making a grand total of Rs. 87,490-8-6.

The expenditure amounted to Rs. 85,015-6-3 including repayment of Rs. 10,000 to the State Bank.

The closing balance left at end of the year was Rs. 2,475-2-3.

- 224. Rijhoni.—The management of this small Estate remained as last year with the Raja of Bohara (in Gwalior) who is the father-in-law of the present Rao Mahinder Singh under the general control of the Manager of Sirmathra. Quit rent of Rs. 1,659-4-0 annually paid by this Estate to the Dholpur Durbar was realized in full on due dates.
- Debts.—A sum of Rs. 15,390 was due to the State Bank on the 30th September 1910 and Rs. 1,529-15-9 accrued as interest thereon, thus making a total debt of Rs. 16,919-15-9; out of which Rs. 2,000 were paid, leaving a balance of Rs. 14,919-15-9 as due to the State Bank on the 30th September 1911.

The Rao holds some Jagir in the Gwalior State and he has therefore to live partly in Dholpur and partly in the Gwalior State.

225 Biloni Estate.—Thakur Durjan Singh died in October 1908. The Estate is encumbered, and the Durbar is considering the question of it's management. The two minor sons of the Thakur are being educated at the Maharana High School Dholpur and are residing in the Boarding House attached to it.

SARAD FAIR.

226. As usual the annual Sarad Fair came off in October 1910, and lasted for three weeks, from 8th October to 3rd November 1910.

The arrangements were entrusted as last year, to a committee composed of the leading officials of the State with Munshi Kishan Dyal Nazim as Secretary.

Arrangements for conservancy, lighting and watering the roads and public thoroughfares were adequately made. Piaos to supply drinking water to the people as well as to the cattle at the fair, were opened at convenient centres. Medical arrangements were also good, and no case of any serious disease occurred throughout the fair. The police arrangements were very satisfactory.

As usual, the Bench of Honorary Magistrates held their court at the fair to decide promptly on the spot such cases as occurred.

There were 17 cases of theft reported, in which property worth Rs. 45/11 was stolen, of which property valuing Rs. 15/11 was recovered.

The work of entering the description of animals sold at the fair was done by a number of temporary hands, engaged for the work on fixed wages under the supervision of some responsible officials of the Accounts Office.

As mentioned in last year's report, the Gwalior and Karauli Durbars continued again this year to endeavour to prevent the export of animals to the fair from their respective States by imposing a prohibitive and exorbitant tax on them. The number of animals imported from these States was however larger than that in the previous year. This evidently shows that the facilities provided at the fair for the sale of cattle at good prices, are sufficient inducements to traders of cattle in spite of the heavy tax they are required to pay in Gwalior and Karauli States.

The table given below will give the details of animals brought for sale and their value together with the Raj dues realised on them during the fair as compared with those of the previous year:—

	Number of	Animals sold.		Number			
Year.	animals brought at the fair.	Number.	Value.	Number of animals taken back.	Average price of the animals.	Raj dues realized.	
			Rs.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1909-10	16,295	8,199	2,19,500-12	8,096	26-12-4	3,990-8-3	
1910-11	13,750	10,780	3,20,525-8	2,970	29-11-9	5,728-5-41	

The average price per head of cattle sold this year, was Rs. 29/11/9 against Rs. 26/12/4 last year.

The number of shops opened this year was 375 against 754, from which site tax realised amounted to Rs. 135/8.

The income of the Fair levies under all other heads, namely tobacco, charsa (leathar bucket), indigo etc. amounted to Rs. 1,075/15 against 942/4 last year, making the total receipts from all resources, of Rs. 6.943/0/9 against Rs. 5,075/11/6, showing an increase of Rs. 1,867/5/3/- over the last year.

The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs. 453/15 against Rs. 550/4 in the previous year.

The net profit accruing to the State, was Rs. 6,489/1/9 against Rs. 4,532/7/6 past year.

227 Walter Krit Rajputra Hitkarni Sabha.—The report from the local branch of the Walter Krit Sabha shows 283 marriages that were celebrated among the Rajputs against 339 last year, and 150 death cerepannics against 43 last year

The number of marriages celebrated among other castes, was 3,726 against 4,375 in the previous year as detailed below:—

	Caste.	No	of Marriages.	No. of breach of rules.
1.	Rajputs,	• • •	283	•••
2.	Brahmans	•••	472	3
3.	Thakurs	•••	107	***
4.	Banias	•••	202	1
.5.	Kayasthş	•••	33 .	1
6.	Musalmans	•••	321	•••
7.	Others	•••	2,591	5
	Total	•••	4,009	10

The classification of marriages according to grades i.e. amounts of expenditure allowed under each class, was as follows:—

Class		No. of Marriages.		Amount allowed.			
•/	1st Class	111	47	Rs.	***	1,000	
•	2nd .,	•••	110 ~	"	• • •	500	
	3rd "	***	238	"	***	250	
	4th ,,	***	3,614	לל	•••	125 or	below.

228. Census.—The census of the whole State was taken on the night of the 10th March 1911, between 7 and 12 hours and the provisional results were telegraphed to the Political Agent, Eastern States, Rajputana on the next day i.e. 11th March 1911.

The census returns finally corrected show a population of 2,63,399 of which 1,44,324 are males and 1,19,075 females or 54.79 and 45.21 per cent respectively.

This shows a decrease of 8,097 heads over the census of 1901, which is slight and attributable to the emigration of persons during the years of scarcity (in particular in the years 1905-06 and 1907-08) and to the outbreak of epidemics that occurred during the last decade.

- 229. The number of houses.—The number of houses occupied by the above population was 56,746.
- 230. Cattle enumeration.—The cattle enumeration was conducted along with the taking of the census. The total number of cattle of all descriptions was 2,64,756. For full particulars *vide* Appendix XXIV.
- ed to Rs. 6,298/7/6 against the budgetted amount of Rs. 9,171/- and the total amount spent on census operations from commencement till the close of the year was Rs. 7,419/5/6.
- 232. Conclusion.—The task of conducting the administration of the State during the year under report was not an easy one owing to the prolonged illness of His Highness the late Maharaj Rana Ram Singh since July 1910 and his subsequent death in the last week of March 1911.

Major B. E. M. Gurdon, D. S. O., C. I. E., I. A., Political Agent, Eastern States Rajputana, paid frequent visits before, after and particularly at the critical time of the sad event and rendered valuable assistance to the State by his advice in the difficult matters which arose.

The State owes a great debt of gratitude to the Hon'ble Sir Elliot Colvin, K. C. S. I., Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana for the keen interest he has always evinced in all its affairs. Mr. R. E. Holland was in charge of the Political Agency for the last 4 months of the year and has given the State great help by his friendly advice and constant care and solicitude for the welfare of the young Maharaj Rana.

DHOLPUR, 19th February 1912.

G. H. ANDERSON, CAPTAIN,

Superintendent.

BHAGAT SINGH, SARDAR BAHADUR,

Revenue Member, State Council,

Late Chief Secretary, Dholpur State.



Appendix I.

Names of High Officials in the Dholpur State, showing changes in personnel during the year ending 30th September 1911.

			PERI	ор.	
No.	Name of Officer.	Appointment.	From	To	Remarks.
1	Capt. G. H. Anderson I. A.	Superintendent of State	22 7 11	30 9 11	
2	Sardar Bahadur Bhagat Singh	Chief Secretary Member of Advisory Council Revenue Member of State Council Accounts Officer	1 10 10 do. 13 7 11 1 10 10	12 7 11 do. 30 9 11 do.	
3	Nawab Khwaja Mohamed Khan	Member of Advisory Council	do.	12 7 11	
4	Sardar Umrao Singh	Member of Advisory Council Miscellaneous Member of State Council Superintendent Gardens Vice Chairman Town Council Khasgi Officer	do. 13 7 11 1 10 10 do. do.	do. 30 9 11 do. do. do.	
5	Mr. W. Raw I. C. S	Settlement Officer	12 11 10	30 9 11	
· 6		Officiating Settlement Officer Assistant Settlement Officer	1 10 10 do.	11 11 10 30 9 11	
7	R. B. Seth Moolchand Nemichand	State Treasurers	do.	30 9 11	
-8	Pt. Sheo Shankar	Revenue and Customs Officer Khasgi Officer	do. 31 8 11	do. do.	
9	Munshi Nek Ram	Judicial Officer	1 10 10	15 7 11	Appointment abolished.
10	Munshi Kishan Dyal	Nazim and Supdt. Jail	do.	30 9 11	
11	Sardar Madan Singh	Supdt. Police, Secry. Town Counci President Walter Krit Rajputra Hitkarni Sabha	do.	do.	
12	Mr. A. N. Thorpe	State Engineer Manager State Quarries Do. D. B. Railway	do. do. do.	6 6 11 do.	
13	Kuwar Chittar Singh	1 4 11 4 71 73 1		30 9 11 do. do.	
14	Mr. H. G. Adamson	1 0 0 70 7	1	do. do. do.	
15	Col. Inderbir Singh	I. G. of Troops & Supdt. Stables	1 10 10	do.	l.
16	Sayed Talib Hussain	Commandant Infantry	do.	20 2 11	
17	Rai Sahib Dr. Beharí Lal	Chief Medical Officer	15 11 10	30 9 11	
18	Sardar Nahar Singh	Khasgi and Deohri Officer and Officer of Gowshala & Rathkhana Lieutenant Tuman No. 1	1 10 10 do.	27 7 11 do.	
19	Munshi Din Dyal B. A	Superintendent Census Clerk to H. H	107 0 11	30 9 11 do.	
20	Pt. Bal Kishan	Offg. Manager Sirmathra	1 10 10	30 6 11	
21	Pt. Narotam Dutt B. A	Inspector of Schools Manager Sirmathra	1 7 77	do. 30 9 11	74
22	Babu Kannoo Mal M. A	Personal Assistant to Chief Secy Personal Asstt. to Rev. Mcmber Inspector of Schools	13 7 11	12 7 11 30 9 11 5 5 11	1
2 3		Inspector of Schools Head Mastar M. H. School	3 -	30 9 11 do.	-
24	Mr. B. Rama Swami Iyre B. A	Forest Officer	1 10 10		
25	Lala Harbhagwan Anand	Officiating Forest Officer	. 17 3 11	30 9 11	

^{*} The post of Inspector of Schools remained vacant from 1st July to 5th September 1911.

Appendix II.

List of Laws in force in the Dholpur State.

	Description.		Whether adapted from the British Indian Act.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.	
					The state of the s	,
Civil	:	:	مسم		The State customs and the spirit of the Dritish Laws are always observed in the administration of Civil	
Criminal	:	•	المراقع		and Criminal justice,	
Police	:	:				
Excise	•	•				ii
Stamp	:	:				
Registration	:	:	Yes.	No.		
Criminal Tribes	:	:	~			
Railway Act	:	:				
Games Aet	:	:				
Census Act	. :	:	و فالمشارعة المار			
Sedition Aet	:	:				

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Appendix III.

Statement showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Military force

in the Dholpur State during the year ending 30th September 1911.

			iii							
	Remarks.		15		*25 Silledars transferred to Police				* If Rs. 9,588-2-7 on	account of contingencies be added, the total would amount to Rs 1, 13,847-0-4 vide Appendix XIV
	s d.t	ses			<u> </u>		တ က	G.	0	6
soo	coun 7 an ance	forching rers.	,		14		401	11	12	*
Total cost	on account of pay and allowances	of the forces including followers.	14		31,929 8,880		31,844 26,450	2,560	2,593	1,04,258*13
ur.		Fighting men.	13		$\begin{vmatrix} 114 \\ 25 \end{vmatrix}$		348 342	34	12	875
Detail of force at the end of the year.	Number of Men.	Mon-Com- banoissim Officers.	12		9 :		33 34	4	:	7.7
the end	Numbe	-Mative Com- inissioned Officers.	11		:		18	67	:	47
force at		European Commission ed Officers.	10		::		:	:	•	1
l of	• 5	No. of Guns	6		: :		::	32	:	32
Detai	Number of Reginanter, Battalions or Batteries.		8		2 Troops.		1 Regt.		,	:
l Men.	pu r	At the end of the cur-	2		125		400	40	12	1,000
Number of fighting Officers and Men.		Discharged or deserted etc.	9		 		18	4	:	09
0 ff	చ్	.bətsbilsvaI	70		::		3	:	:	14
;hting		Died.	7		c ₂ :		4.	:	:	13
er of fig	is year.	Recruited this year			9 ::		18	2	Н	44
Numb	the end of the st year.		67	`	121 50		407 417	25	11	1,043
	ai							:	s office	:
	Arm of Service.		1	Cavalry :—	 Regular Irregular 	Infantry:—	 Regular Irregular 	Artiller y	Inspector-General's office	Torar

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of Police, Dholpur State for the	the st	rength	, cost, discipline a	nd e	ducat	ion of	Police,	Dholpt	ır State	for the	year e	nding 30	th Sept	year ending 30th September 1911.
						Pos	Ponisement.	Tr.		REWARD.	АВБ.	Education.	TON.	
	!	le.		1	D	Departmental.	nental.		·	·uc				
Designation .	No.	Pay of Grad	Total cost.	bossimaid	.bəsəiməid	Fined.	Degraded.	Suspended.	Judicial.	By promotic	By money.	Mumber abl	nu 19dmuN noitsurteni	Remarks.
1	- 2	3	4		5	9	1	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
Superintendent	11	150	1,800	00	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1,	:	
Office of Superintendent	7 TO	.,	1,278	50	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	∞ -	:	
College mispector		40		5 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	
Court Inspector	-	4 63	950	200	-	- - :	: :	•	:	:	: :	 	:	
ors	6	35.	9.739	·	: -	67		•				4 6	•	
in char				,)	•		•	•	l	.	:	
or manjars settlement at Pachgaon		35	180							-	•	_		
Drill Instructor	_	15	150	0		:	:	:	::	:	:		: :	
Head Constables 1st grade	27	12	3,364	6	_	13	-	:	:	:	က	27	:	
Do do 2nd do	ი ი —	10	872 0	9	<u> </u>	:	: '	:	:	:	:	о	:	
Writers	 x 2	OT -	883	9 0	: -		٦,	:	:	:	:	∞ <u>,</u>	:	
Literate Constables		1 OX	1,786	<u> </u>		: '	-	:	:	:		78	:	
Constables	163	_	12,957	0	-	17	:	:	:	:	21	:	:	
Sullandars	C7	:		: 5	<u>-</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
dars dars	105	41	4,308 12	-		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Total	380	:	35,894 1	m		35	က	:	:	:	26	85	:	

Appendix V.

. Statement showing the Working of the Police in the Dholpur State during the year ending 30th September 1911.

Remarks,		16	* Includes 35 convictions out of the 37 under-trials of the previous year. † Includes 2 discharged or acquitted, out of the under-trials of the previous year.
Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.	Present year.	15	O ro
Perc cony accus for	Past year.	14	64
Percentage of conviction (cols. 5 & 9.)	Present year.	13	000
Per con (cols.	Past year.	12	64
Number of accused acquitted or discharged.	Present year.	11	+159
Nur acqui	Past year.	10	101
Number of necused convicted.	Present year.	6	*249
N No	Past year.	∞	246
Number of accused scnt for trial,	Present year.	2	498
Mı a	Past year.	9	384
Number of accused arrested.	Present year.	70	498
N. acc	Past year.	4	384
Number of Offences.	Present year.	က	37.4
Nur	Past year.	2	436
			:
State.		H	:
N			Dholpur

Appendix VI.

		Amour	Amount stolen.	Amount 1	Amount recovered, recoveries of stolen property.	Percentage recoveries of si property.	age of of of stolen arty.	
Courts.	\$5 41.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Kemarks.
1		67	3	4	5	9	7	8
Nizamat		Rs. 27,742	Rs. 3,595	Rs. 15,316	Rs. 1,011	Rs. 55	Rs. 28	
Sirmathra Estate	•• ••	533	397	408	262	11	99	
Gird	•	1,552	28	554	4	36	14	
Bari	:	1,115	951	238	654	21	69	
Baseri	:	1,376	260	781	544	22	7.3	
Kolari	:	840	4	308	හෙ	26	75	
Rajakhera	5	14	20	10	18	7.1	98	
Hony. Magistrates	es	173	296	80	48	46	16	
	Total	33,345	6,081	17,695	2,544	53	42	

Appendix VII.

Comparative Statement of Original Criminal cases in the Dholpur State, for the year ending 30th September 1911.

ENDING	Year ending 30th September 1910	TEMBE	n 1910.		YEAR E	NDING 3	Year ending 30'ru September 1911	TEMBE	1911.	
Institution.	on.	.ło	close	Name of Corners	nI	Institution.	1.	•łc	əsop	Pomont
Filed during the year.	-fraoT	besoqsid	Pending at of year.		Pending from past year.	Filed during the year.	.latoT	besoqaid	Pending at o	Lettiárks.
8 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9	13 13 25 25 25 26 177 132 93	13 13 394 394 250 262 177 142 124 93	: :ro :u4 :ux :	Ljlas Khas Judicial Court Nizamat Sirmathra Court Gird "," Bari "," Baseri "," Kolari "," Rajakhera "," Hony. Magistrates' Court	: :0 :01 4 :01 00 :	10 403 103 104 298 194 90 112	10 408 103 103 302 194 115 112	1 377 103 196 196 193 100 100	33 33 33 11 1 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	
1,535	1,574	1,553	21	Total	21	1,562	1,583	1,499	84	

Comparative Statement of Criminal Appeals in the Dholpur State for the year ending 30th September 1911. Appendix VIII.

			* 111				
	Remanks.						
1911.	go eso	Pending at cl year.	:	4	67		9
PTEMBER	,ło	Disposed	28	73	35		136
Year ending 30ru Septembir 1911.	n.	Total.	28	2.2	37	•	142
nding 3	Institution.	Filed during the year.	28	74	37		139
Year e	In	Pending from past year.	:	ಣ	:		ಣ
			:	:	:		:
		of Court.	:	:	•		Total
	ž.	Ijlas Khas	Judicial Court	Nizamat			
3 1910.	jo əso	Pending at cle year.	:	භ	:		33
PTEMBEI	f.	o besoqaiQ	18	63	40		121
Трав биріме 30тн Ѕветембев 1910.	n.	Total.	18	99	40		124
SNDING S	Institution.	Filed during the year.	18	65	40		123
YEAR F	I	Pending rom past year.	:	н	:		H

Appendix IX,

Comparative Statement of Civil suits filed in the Dholpur State during the year ending 30th September 1911.

	6	remarks.		
в 1911.	lo seo	Pending at cl	3 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	128
Year ending 30th September 1911		o bəsoqaid	25 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	743
отн SE	'n.	Total.	65 60 60 74 197 53 53 316	871
NDING 3	Institution.	Filed during the year.	5 60 60 60 72 197 53 47 49 299	842
Year e	h	Pending from past year.	17 23 22 27	29
		NAME OF COURT	Judicial Court Nizamat Nizamat Sirmathra Gird Gird Bari Naiseri Rolari Rajakhera Honorary Magistrates' Court	Total
я 1910.	Fending at close of Pending at close of Pendin		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	29
PTEMBE			44 27 116 116 37 44 49 162	602
30TH SE	'n.	Total.	7 49 27 118 116 37 47 51 179	631
NDING	Institution.	Filed during the year.	45 45 26 104 112 37 41 176	596
YEAR I	I	Pending from past year.	34 □ 1 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	35

Appendix X.

Comparative statement of Civil appeals in the Dholpur State during the year ending 30th September 1911.

	Ramante						
1911.	lo aso	Pending at cl year.	₹	1~	က		14
Челя емрімс 30тн Ѕегтямвея 1911	.1c	Disposed o	73	75	105		253
оти Ѕег		Total.	22	85	108		267
nding 3	Institution.	Filed during the year.	73	82	108		263
Убая б	Im	Pending from past year.	4	:	•	•	4
			:	:	:		•
		S OF COURT.	፥	:	:		Total
	; ;		:	rt	:		
	·	Ljias Khas	Judicial Court	Nizamat			
в 1910.	lo sec	Pending at clo year.	4	:	:		4
PTEMBE	.J.	o bəsoqsiQ	29	122	119		308
Year ending 30rm September 1910	n.	Totul.	1.2	122	119		312
NUTNG 5	Institution.	Filed during the year.	7.1	122	118		311
YEAR E	Ir	Pending from past year.	:	:	П		

Appendix XI.

Statement of Rainfall in the Dholpur State during the year ending 30 September 1911.

Remarks.	٠			
Average of ars.	27.60			
Total of past year.	28.90			
Total.	27.78			
September 1911,	9.35			
tanguA .1161	5.15	 		
July 1911.	0.99			
June 1911.	1.57			
May 1911.	0.04			
lirqA ,1161	•		 	
March 1911.	0.41	-	•	_
February 1911.	•			
Vannat 1911,	1.39			
December 1910.	•			
November 1910.	:			
October 1910.	8.88			
	:			
STATE,	Dholpur			

Appendix XII.

ns.	
food-grains.	
of Staple	
as to prices o	
nent	
State	

				xii	Ĺ							
Remarks.												
11.	Ch.		<u> </u>	177	13	154	လ မ)နှ	12	:	8		
September 1911.	Srs.	11	16	15	15	13	20	ű	9	21		
Septe	Mds.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
	Cir.	123	85. 4.	63 4	113,	:	6	∞	12	•		
June 1911,	Srs.	13	19	13	13	18	26	īC	,C	22		
որ	Mds.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
10.	Ch.	103	103	•	:	4.3		4	∞	ø		
September 1910.	Srs.	12	18	19	21	19	24	ũ	ιO	21		
Septo	Mds.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
	Ch.	13	134	141	<u>-(4</u>	-ŝ	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	4	12	:	 	
June 1910.	Srs.	11	15	16	16	15	20	'nĊ	νo	22		
J.	Mds.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
		:	•	:	•	:	:	:	:	;	 	
Articles.		:	:	:	:	:	:	quality	l quality	•		
		Wheat	Gram	Barley	Juar	Bajra	Arhar	Rice 1st quality	Rice 2nd quality	Salt		

Appendix XIII.

Statement Showing Expenditure on Public Works, during the year ending 30th September 1911.

		STATE FUNDS.	•		Local Funds.		1,77	t t
Description of works.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Locals	Nemarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Military works	444	457	106	•	•	:	106	
Civil buildings	77,827	23,842	1,01,669	•	:	:	1,01,669	
Communications	699	7,291	7,954	:	:	:	7,954	
Irrigation	76,229	351	76,580	•	:	:	76,580	
Miscellaneous Improvements.	10,642	4,020	14,662	•	•	:	14,662	
Establishment:—								
(a) Works	31,300	•	31,300	•	•	:	31,300	
(b) Miscellaneous	6,637	:	6,637	•	:	:	6,637	
(c) Travelling Allowance.	1,160	:	1,160	•	:	:	1,160	
(d) Contingencies	2,421	:	2,421	•	:	:	2,421	
Total	2,07,323	35,961	2,43,284	:	:	:	2,43,284	

Appendix

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the Dholpur

\mathbf{R}	\mathbf{E}	C	\mathbf{E}	I	P	T	\mathbf{S}	

1		Estimate	Асто	ALS.	Pamaula	
No.	Name of Heads.	for 1910-11.	For 1910-11.	For 1909-10.	Remarks	
	Ordinary.					
1	Land Revenue	9,44,569	9,36,221	9,76,233		
2	Salt Compensation	60,000	60,000	60,000		
3	Excise and Customs	47,790 25,000	52,360	46,636		
4 5	Quarties D. B. Railway	46,000	$20,000 \\ 47,579$	20,000 50,689		
6	Stamps	22,400	27,721	22,799		
7	Land Cesses	51,395	51,022	51,240		
8	Law and Justice	7,370	7,813	8,613		
9 10	Forest	8,396 7,470	11,023 11,568	9,166		
11	Jail	3,100	3,295	$8,246 \mid 3,299 \mid$		
12	Irrigation	1,160	943	1,248		
13	Gardens	1,420	1,225	1,804		
$rac{14}{15}$	Rent of State buildings Other Miseellaneous	2,300	1.904	1,888		
10	Other Miseellaneous	3,083	5,468	4,335		
	Total Ordinary	12,31,453	12,38,142	12,66,196		
	Extra-ordinary.					
	1. Interest on loan and Kist Khilafi	2,000	1,864	1 001		
	2. Sale of old store and live stock	1,000	2,012	1,931 1,334		
	3. Sale of land and old stone	200	885	145		
	4. P. W. D. and Workshop	2,000	12.554	7,268		
	5. Refunds 6. Chhaper bandi	200	1,124	1,437		
	7. Other receipts	1,000	699 3 7 5	1,028		
	8. Bohar on the death of H. late H.		2,281	3,111		
	9. Do. on marriage of present	d				
	H. H. the Maharaj Rana		3,152			
	Total Extra-ordinary	6,500	25,546	16,254		
	Total Ordinary and Extra-ordinary	12,37,953	12,63,688	12,82,450		
	Debts.					
	1. Advances	28,519	28,549			
	2. Old Taccavi recovered	4,000	7,805	9,136		
	3. Loan taken from State Bank	30,000	85,000	1,00,000		
	Total Debts	62,549	1,21,354	1,09,136		
	Total Receipts	13,00,502	13,85,042	13,91,586		
	Opening Balance	28,232	28,232	1,20,885		
	Grand Total	13,28,734	14,13,274	15,12,471		

XIV.
State for the year ending 30th September 1911.

		EΧ	PENDIT	URE.		
3. T.			Estimate	Aca	FUALS.	[
No.	Name of Heads.		for 1910-1911.	For 1910-1911.	For 1909-10.	Remarks.
	Ordinary.		(ľ	T	[
$rac{1}{2}$	Domestic charges	•••	1,87,538	1,60,560	1,83,434	
3	Pay of Superintendent of State Khasgi	•••	29,996	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,108 \\ 32,891 \end{bmatrix}$	38,423	
4	Contributions State Council and Judicial	•••	20,097	20,085	7,572	
5 6	Revenue Department	***	23,746 36,142	23,652 35,133	23,503 33,252	
7	Accounts and Treasury	•••	15,585	14,866	15,221	
8	Excise and Customs	•••	$\begin{bmatrix} & 3,020 \\ 1,16,917 \end{bmatrix}$	2,868 $1,13,847$	2,919	
10	Police	•••	36,926	35,894	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,11,809 \\ 26,277 \end{array}$	
11	Public Instruction	•••	15,000	14,262	13,409	
$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 13 \end{array}$	Medical Forest	•••]	15,052 15,000	15,008	12,322	
14	Press		12,880	17,668 11,955	17.865 11,423	
15	Jail		8,605	8,555	10,285	
16	Land Cesses, pay of Patwaris	,	20 500	20.051	00.047	
17	Chawkidars etc		$39,500 \\ 747$	$\begin{array}{c} 32,251 \\ 589 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 32,647 \\ 741 \end{array}$	
18	Salt Compensation to Sirmathra		3,000	3,000	3,000	
19	Stamp		1,480	1,655	1,564	
$\frac{20}{21}$	Dholpur-Bari Railway Revenue Ditto Capital	···	$\frac{31,600}{54,000}$	$26,574 \\ 36,996$	27,486	
$\frac{21}{22}$	Karkhanajat	:::}	97,427	1,02,927	5,514 1,02,864	
23	Gardens		19,677	20,325	17,954	
$egin{array}{c} 24 \ 25 \end{array}$	Religious charges	{	26,985	26,785	28,598	
$\frac{25}{26}$	Pensions Public Works Department		$36,629 \\ 2,52,000$	$35,802 \\ 2,43,284$	$35,077$ { $2,50,119$ }	
27	Municipal charges		5,578	4,210	3,340	
28	Tour	{	4,500	2,790	5,636	
29 30	Other Miscellaneous	•••	$\begin{array}{c} 10,000 \\ 7,132 \end{array}$	9,912	8,964	
30	Other Miscellaneods	-	7,102	7,027	5,485	
	Total Ordinary		11,26,759	10,63,479	10,36,703	
	Extra-ordinary.		71.054	5 0.054	0.5	
1	 Settlement Donations and Subscriptions 		$71,051 \ 17,400$	70,671 $18,167$	85,742	
Į	3. Epidemie Precautions	:::	200	168	214 159	
1	4. Census		9,171	6,298	565	
Ì	5. Allahabad Exhibition	•••]	•••••	6,569		
- 1	6. Marriage of His Highness7. Delhi Darbar	}		$\frac{41,931}{2,988}$		
	8. Death of His late Highness			18,654		
	9. Mayo College	[1,200	
.	10. Other Miscellaneous		1,000	846	1,423	
	Total Extra-ordinary		98,822	1,66,292	89,303	
}	Total Ordinary and Extra-ordinary	′	12,25,581	12,29,771	11,26,006	
	Debts.	}				
	 Advances Repayment of old debts 		1,00,000	1,02,902	13,312 $3,44,921$	
	Total Debts		1,00,000	1,02,902	3,58,233	
	Total Expenditure		13,25,581	13,32,673	14,84,239	
]-			·	
[Closing Balance	{	3,153	16,461	28,232	
	Cash with Imprest holders			64,140		
- 1	Grand Total		13,28,734	14,13,274	15,12,471	

Appendix XV.

. Statement of the Medical Relief afforded in the Dholpur State during the year ending 30th September 1911.

				xvi					f
	É	Kemarks.					Rs. A. P. ** Dispensaries 11628-13-8	Vaccination Department 901-7-8	Native Physicians 2478-0-0 Total Rs. 15,008-5-4
1		ģ	γ. <u>P</u> .	0	& 6	-0	 	1	- 00
-	;	litu	<u></u>	9 10				+	3 13
	ţ	Expenditure,	Rs.	8,985	1,500	1,142 10			*11,628
	VERAGE.	In-door.		19.07	0.75	:			19.82
	Дак х Ауеваде.	Out-door, In-door.		210-15	114.60	43.32			368.07
	•	Operations.		1,304	278	134			1,716
,	ents.	Remaining under treatment.		50	67	•			55
	ооов Раті	Died.			 1	:			12
d: J	RESULT OF IN-DOOR PATIENTS.	Relieved or discharged.		72	\$:			80
f and the state of	Resu	Cured.		390	6	•			399
r our la m	No. of Patients treated.	Out-door. In-door.		493	20	:			513
	No. OF I	Out-door.		26,172	15,237	6,594			48,003
		Dispensary.		Sadar Hospital	Bari Dispensary	Raja Khera "			Total

Appendix XVI.

Statement showing the number of prisoners confined in the Dholpur State Jail during the year ending 30th September 1911.

			X	vii			
	Remarks showing mortality	among convicts in Jail.	12		Three deaths happened.	* This excludes staff Rs. 2,851/9/6 and industry Rs. 1,429/13/3 which added to the cost of diet etc., of prisoners Rs. 4,273/4/9 make up a total of Rs. 8,555.	
pəsnəə	od of ac	тэр эзвтэчА тэрпи	11			12.09	
	Total cost of Jail and	l'risoners.	10	Rs. A. P.		4,273* 4 9	
	Number of prisoners remaining	at the end of the year.	6			107	
verage.		Present year:	8	-		111.11	
Daily a	Daily average are present year. Present year.		2			114·60 111·11	
	Total.	Present year.	9			277	
risoners	To	Past year.	5			337	
Number of Prisoners.	ang the	iub bəttimbA rası	4			165	
$ m N_{0}$	tsal mo	Remaining fro	33			112	
	ers.	No. of Prison	67			Н	
	S	•				:	
	D	Anga Caranta	T		•	Dholpur	

Appendix XVII.

Statement showing the Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration during the year ending 30th September 1911.

				Pas	Past year.	_•					reser	Present year.					
					,							•					
Description.		Number of deeds.	Val proj	Value of property.		Fees realised.	alise	r:	Mumber of deeds.	Value of property.	e of srty.		Fees realised.	alised		Remarks.	
			Rs.	₹	ė,	Rs.	٧.	ų		Rs.		pi.	Rs.	٠.	ei ei		
Mortgage-deeds	:	158	59,030	11	0	419	10	0	139	52,454	0	9	347	œ	0		_
Sale deeds	:	35	35,344	8	0	109	10	0	46	26,523	0	0	134	0	0		XVIII
Wills	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
Bonds	:	29	7,651	8	0	38	0	0	23	12,505	0	0	62	0	0		
Miscellaneous deeds	:	19	:	:	:	64	0	0	19	110	0	0	62	4	0		
											··						
	··										-						
Total	:	241	241 1,02.026		0	631	4,	0	227	91,592	0	9	605	12	0		

Appendix XVIII.

Vital Statistics of the Dholpur State, for the year ending 30th September 1911.

		Remarks.	
ļ		Ren	
ulation	Deaths.	Present year.	17.28
Ratio per 1,000 of Population.	Dca	Past year.	23.86 13.23 17.28
oer 1,000	Births.	Present year.	23.86
Ratio 1	Bir	Past year.	25.78
		Decrease.	:
	ths.	Increase.	196
،	Deaths.	Present year.	4,552
		Past year.	3,591
		Дестеляе.	:
	births.	Ілстеале.	678
Ė	Dir	Present year.	6,285
		Past year.	5,607 6,285
Buil II.	010001 01 10	Population s	2,63,399
			:
		NAME.	Dholpur

Appendix XIX.

Schools maintained by Dholpur State, during the year 1910-11.

Remarks.					
	Total.	Rs.	:	::	14,262
Expenditure during the year 1910-11.	High Secon- Primary dary Schools. Schools.	Rs.	:	8,570	8,570 14,262
Expendituthe year	Secondary Schools.	Rs.	:	::	
	High Schools.	Rs.	5,695	: :	5,692
Daily average attendance.	1911.		340	1,079	1,315 1,419
Daily a attene	1910.		279	1,036	1,315
Number of pupils on roll on 30th September	1911.		418	1,355	1,773
Num pupils or 30th Se	1910.		363	1,294	1,657
	_		:	::	
Description,			High School	Secondary School Primary School	Total
Number of Schools.	1910. 1911.		-	30	31
m Numk Sche	1910.		Н	31	32

Balance sheet showing Financial position of the Dholpur

1	Daniel steel	1				1		1	<u> </u>
Т о.	Items.		Amour	ıt.		Total	•		Remarks
I	(a) Bank buildings, Dharam-shala etc		21,487	10	6				
	(b) Investment in land of Samola village	ı	8,296	5	9				
	(c) Bank capital as per last statement Rs-2,24,275 14	9							
	Gross profits added to capital 14,181 6	0 2	2,38,457	4	9	2,68,241	5	0	
II	Deposits:—								
	(a) Shareholders' deposits including interest of last year and amount received during the year	\mathbf{d}	1,62,039	1	8				
	(b) Fixed deposits	. }	1,22,118	13	5				
	(c) Floating do	\cdot	2,303	4	7	2,86,461	3	8	
III	Reserve Fund		20,000	0	0	20,000	0	0	
IV	GROSS PROFITS EARNED DURING								
	(a) Interest		39,421	15	0				
	(b) Commission on G. C. notes		14	1	0	39,436	0	0	
V	MISCELLANEOUS REALIZATIONS:-	-			i				
	(a) Old Sri Deohri loan		308	13	9				
	(b) Land rent of Samola land		451	14	9				1
	(c) Rent of Dharamshala and Bank buildings		766	4	0				
	(d) Commission on collection of revenue	••	56	0	0				
	(e) Commission on sale of State stamps	••	15	10	0				
	(f) Sale of waste paper	••	8	8	0	1,607	2	6	
	Total .	••		•		6,15,745	11	2	

State Bank on the 30th September 1911.

		-		- 1				
No.	Items.	Amou	nt.		Tota	al.		Remarks.
I	(a) Assets in Bonds and secu-					•		
	Rs. (i) Considered good 5,36,949 0 9							
	(ii) Considered doubt- ful or bad Rs. 4,762 0	5,41,711	1	3				
,	(b) Bank buildings Dharam- shala etc	21,487	10	6				
	(c) Samola village land	8,296	5	9	5,71,495	1	6	
11	EXPENDITURE FROM REVENUE:-							
	(a) Establishment	2,540	6	0				
	(b) Contingencies	376	4	9	2,916	10	9	
III	Expenditure from Dharamshala	56	0	0	56	0	0	
IV	EXPENDITURE FROM BANK CAPITAL:—							
	(a) Dharamshala buildings		•			•		
	(b) Charitable disbursements	2,133	5	9	2,133	5	9	
V	Expenditure from Samola village Revenue	27	0	6	27	0	6	
VI	Bad debts written off	630	13	0	630	13	0	
VII	DEPOSITS WITHDRAWN:—							
	(a) Shareholders' deposit (b) Fixed do (c) Floating do	12,079 19,504 1,802	13	9 9 9	33,387	6	3	
VIII	Cash Balance :—							
	(a) In Sadar Bank Treausry (b) In Bari Tahsil (c) In Kolari Tahsil (d) In Rajakhera Tahsil (e) In Sirmathra	2,765 147 50 940 1,196	8 0 0	2 0 0 0 3	5,099	5	5	
	Total				6.15,745	11	2	-

							ii					
		Total.	Rs. A. P.			39,436 0 0						39,436 0 0
1911.	. a	Amount,	Rs. A. P.		39,421 15 0	14 1 0	- 3-2					•
tember	C O M				:	:						:
rk for the year ending 30th Sep	1 N	Hend.		Gross profits:—	Interest	Commisson on G. C. Notes					,	Total
		Total.	Вз. А. Р.		2,916 10 9	5,724 9 9				30,794 11 6		39,436 0 0
Loss statement of	ITURE.	Amount.	Rs. A. P.	2,540 6 0	376 49	5,724 9 9	13,898 15 6	11,264 15 0	1,511 4 0	4,119 9 0		:
Projit and .	EXPEND	Head.		Establishment	Contingencies	Interest due to depositors	Dividend at 7.556 % to Bank, less amount credited to Reserve Fund	Dividend to Share-holders	Do. to Reserve Fund	Amount credited to Beserve Fund out of Bank Dividend	,	Total
	Profit and Loss statement of the State Bank for the year ending 30th September 1911.		Frofit and Loss statement of the State Bank for the year ending 30th September 1911. S.X.P.E.N.D.I.T.U.R.E. Amount. Total. Head. Amount.	Frojit and Loss statement of the State Bank for the year ending 30th September 1911. S. X. P. E. N. D. I. T. U. R. E. Amount. Total. Head. Amount. Total. Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Rs.	Profit and Loss statement of the State Bank for the year ending 30th September 1911. X P E N D I T U R E. I N C O M E.	Frojit and Loss statement of the State Bank for the year ending 30th September 1911. E X P E N D I T U R E. I N C O M E.	EXPENDITURE: EXPENDITURE: INCOME. Income of the State Bank for the year ending 30th September 1911.	X P E N D I T U R E. 1 N C O M E	Amount. Total. Head. Head. Amount. Total. Rs. A. P. 2,540 6 0 35,724 9 9 Commisson on G. C. Notes 11,264 15 0 11,264 15 0	Amount. Total. Head. 1911. Rs. A. P. 2,540 6 0 5,724 9 9 5,724 9 9 Commisson on G. C. Notes 1,511 4 0	Amount. Total. Head. IN C O M E. Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Gross profits:— 39,421 15 0 13,598 15 6 1,511 4 0 4,119 9 0 30,794 11 6	A Loss statement of the State Bank for the year ending 30th September 1911. DITURE. Amount. Total. Head. Amount. Total. Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Gross profits:— 376 4 9 2,916 10 9 Interest 89,421 15 0 11,364 15 0 11,264 15 0 11,264 15 0 14 10 9 30,794 11 6

Appendix XXI

DHOLPUR-BARI RAILWAY.

Statement showing Expenditure and Receipts for the year ending 30th September 1911.

	B	Expenditure.					Income.		
Heads,	Abstracts.	Actuals from 1st October 1910 to 31st August 1911.	Estimated for September 1911.	Total.	Particulars.	Abstracts.	Actuals from 1st October 1910 to 31st August 1911.	Estimated for September 1911.	Total.
·		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	m Rs.
Maintenance of way, works and stations		5,052	1,000	6,052	Coaching Traffic		20,842	1,256	22,098
Locomotive expenses Carriage and Wagon ex-	ත (5,740	1,200	6,940	Goods Traffic	<u> </u>	24,526	1,237	25,763
penses Traffic expenses	001	2,659 3,473	300	2,959 4,473	Electric Telegraph	- ·	292	24	. 789
Genarl charges Special and Miscellaneous		5,172	006	6,072	Sundries	<u> </u>	436	7	437
expenses	<u></u>	22	100	7.8					
Total	:	22,074	4,500	26,574	Total	:	46,569	2,518	49,087
Balance i. e. Net earnings.	:	:	:	22,513					
Grand Total	:	:	:	49,087		:	 	:	49,087*
						-			

*Actual receipts amounted to Rs. 47,579.

Appendix XXII. DHOLPUR-BARI RAILWAY.

		xxiv	
	Remarks.		
	Adjusted total Capital Expendi- ture to date.	Rs. A. P. 5,151 5 0 3,095 0 0 0 44,796 3 6 93,198 4 5 2,744 5 9 2,93,331 3 10 50,713 14 6 19,350 5 5 1,93,914 8 1 25,777 4 5	7,32,231 8 11
r 1911.	Capital Expenditure during the year ending 30th September 1911.	Rs. A. F. 3,079 8 3 650 2 9 932 6 9 986 10 6 31,347 4 1	36,996 0 4
to 30th September	Net Capital Expenditure.	Rs. A. F. 2,071 12 9 3,095 0 0 44,796 3 6 93,198 4 5 2,094 3 0 159 2 0 2,93,331 3 10 11,62,567 4 0 25,777 4 5	6,95,235 8 7
Expenditure up	Adjustments made during the year.	Bs. A. R.	:
Details of Capital Expenditure up to 30th September 1911.	Capital Expenditure shown up to 30th September 1910.	Rs. A. P. 2,071 12 9 3,095 0 0 44,796 3 6 93,198 4 5 2,094 3 0 159 2 0 2,93,331 3 10 49,781 7 9 18,363 10 11 1,62,567 4 5	6,95,235 8 7
D			:
	Hends.	Preliminary Expenses Land Formation Bridge Work Fencing etc Electric Telegraph Ballast and Permanent way Stations and Buildings Phut Ferries Rolling Stock General Charges	Total
	No.	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	

Appendix XXIII.

Statement showing Financial position of the Sirmathra Estate for the year ending 30th September 1911.

EXPENDITURE.	lget mate.	a. p. Rs. a. 0 0 20,001	00	520 0 0 423 3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	168 0 0	2,509 7	7 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 0 31,485 *2	50,643 14 0 67,711 1 6 Kharagi expenses of Angles of	7,304 4 9 and miscellaneous.	0 0 17,304	14 0 85,015	11,072 2 3 2,475 2	79,716 0 3 87,490 8 6
	Items.	Tanka	Rao and his family Administration	Forests	Karkhanjat Pudlic Instruction	Medical	Rengious charges Pensions	Sanitation Land Cesses (Dami Patwari	and Chawkidari)	Repairs to commiss	Total Ordinary	Debts:—Advances	Kepayment of debus Total Debts	Total Expenditure	Closing Balance	Grand Total
	No.	ļ	07 ec				-	21		7 E		14	 -	ග	<u></u>	9
	Actual.	a. p. Rs. a. p.		i H	0 8,704 1 9	0 3,000 0 0	0 3,267 5 0	0 103 8 0	Q D	0 8/	3 812 15 3	3 79,852 10 3	3 7,090 10 6	6 86,943 4 9	9 547 3 9	3 87,490 8
RECEIPTS.	Budget Estimate.	Rs. a. F	0 00 20		578 0	3,000 0	3,456 0	250 0		001	531 12	78,455 12	713 0	79,168 12	547 3	79,716 0
RE (•	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Nature of demand.	Tond Romanie	Land revenue	Forest	Excise and Customs	Salt Compensation	Land Cesses	(Fardens		Rent of State buildings	Other Receipts	Total Ordinary	Debts:—Advances	Total Receipts	Opening Balance	Grand Total
	No.	-	٦ (77	ಣ	4	'n	9		<u>-</u>	8					

Appendix XXIV.

Abstract of Cattle Enumeration for 1910-11 of the Dholpur State.

				* :	XXVI						
1	•	sarnnost									
	.[18.	oT bust		63,082	40,155	38,383	45,944	50,356	27,836		2,64,756
	ds.	Total.		726	573	292	462	628	142		3,098
	Other kinds.	Swine.		556	492	438	451	324	133		2,394
	0	Kam.		170	81	129	11	304	G		714
!		Total.		2,462	1,351	1,785	1,556	1,662	409		9,225
	For transport purposes.	Horse.		1,215	708	1,057	832	818	209		4,839
	nsport p	.ss A		1,085	537	299	688	992	188		3,931
103.	or tra	Mule.		88	9	20	:	:	•		99
ENUMERATION	FC	Camel.		20	100	56	36	78	11		351
		Elephant.		4	<u> </u>	:	:	:	,		40
CATTLE E		.lstoT		48,075	26,148	22,248	29,516	33,296	21,767		1,76,050
JETAIL OF (tle.	Goat.		10,238	7,795	3,886	8,280	7,333	474 10,053		47,585
DETA	Milch cattle	5116ер-		3,982	1,727	2,484	1,223	2,230	474		12,210
	K.	Buffalo.		12,261	7,101	8,078	9,486	10,992	5,407		53,325
		Cow		3,301 15,819 16,594 12,261	9,525	7,800	3,343 14,410 10,527	3,259 14,770 12,651 10,992	5,833	•	62,930
	ion.	Total.		15,819	2,526 12,083	2,690 13,783	14,410	14,770	5,518		76,383
	For cultivation purposes.	Buffalo.					3,343	3,259	1,302		16,421
	For.	.хО		12,518	9,557	11,093	11,067	11,511	4,216		59,962
		Tahsil.		Gird	Rajakhera	Kollari	Baseri	Bari	Sarmathra & Rijhoni Jagir.		Total 59,962 16,421 76,383 62,930 53,325 12,210 47,585
ļ		.oX	-		67	ಣ	-1 1-	35	9		

APPENDIX XXV.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT,

SHOWING RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE

OF THE DHOLPUR STATE, FOR 10 YEARS,

From 1st October 1901 to 30th September 1911.

Comparative statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the Dholpur with the previous 10 years from 1st

\mathbf{R}	\mathbf{E}	\mathbf{C}	\mathbf{E}	T	P	Ţ	8	

1			1	Actual for	10 years.	Differ	ence.	
ry umber.	Major Head	ł.		From 1st October 1891 to 30th Sept. 1901.	From 1st October 1901 to 30th Sept. 1911.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remark
•	Land Revenue		}	78,75,915	85,89,065	7,13,150		l
	Irrigation	•••	{	211	10,686	10,475		1
	Forests	•••	•••	43,625	58,743	15,118		1
	Quarry Exeise and Customs	•••		73,325 $2,40,629$	1,99,143 3,90,244	1,25,818 1,49,615	•••	1
	Salt Compensation	•••	}	6,00,000	6,00,000	***		1
7	Stamps	•••		1,17,264	1,99,861	82,597		
	Law and Justice	•••	}	90,376	1,53,886	63,510		1
	D. B. Railway	•••		 61,435	1,44,916	1,44,916 39,106		1 .
0	Miscellaneous	•••		01,400	1,00,541	55,100		
	Total	Ordinary		91,02,780	1,04,47,085	13,44,305		-
11	Extra-ordinar	y 						
	Toward Dhat Chanda				00 945	00 945		
1	a Lapsed Bhet Chanda b Barha Dami	•••		•••	22,345 47,007	22,345 47,007	•••	}
- 1	c , Muafi	•••]	•••	4,790	4,790		1
1	d , Pay	• • •		•••	8,310	8,310		
1	e Other deposits	. 114 0	[•••	10,529	10,529		1
- (f Interest on loan and his Dhons and Dastak	st khilafi	••• {	10,244	15,788	15,788	0 709	{
	h Cash from Nabha on a			10,244	1,461	•••	8,783	
- 1	Ceremony of His late I Rana Ram Singh	nguness Ma	- 1		30,360	30,360	1	1
	i Sale of old stores and h	ve stoek		27,129	53,794	26,665		
- (j Sale of land and stone	***		181	15,555	15,374		(
- 1	& Refunds	•••	•••	46,085	55,076	8,991		}
- {	l Batta Potedari m Other receipts	•••	•••	29,875	4,626	4,626	•••	1
	•		•••		62,124	32,249	•••	-
12	Total Extra	-ordinary	•••	1,13,514	3,31,765	2,18,251		_
	Old Taceavi recovered	•••	•••	249	94,278	94,029		
	T	otal Debts	•••	249	94,278	94,029		_
	Total Receipts Ordinary, and Debts	Extraordi	nary 	92,16,543	1,08,73,128	16,56,585		
13	Loan contracted Refund of advances	•••	•••	5,15,000 49,530	1,85,000 36,727	•••	3,30,000 12,803	
		Total	•••	5,64,530	2,21,727		3,42,808	
	Total Receipts of all kinds Opening Balance	···		97,81,073 41,917	1,10,94,853 17,910	13,13,782	24,007	
-	G	rand Total		98,22,990	1,11,12,765	12,89,775		-

State for 10 years from 1st October 1901 to 30th September 1911 as compared October 1891 to 30th September 1901.

EXPENDITURE.

	E A I	- 17	M D I I U	πе.			
			Actual fo	r 10 years.	Diffe	rence.	
Number,	Major Head		From 1st October 1891 to 30th Sept. 1901.	From 1st October 1901 to 30th Sept. 1911.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remark
1	Domestic charges		19,22,455	10,72,506		8,49,949	1
2	Pay of Superintendent of State	•••		75,339	75,339		
9		•••	1,41,682	1,58,906	17,224	···	
4		•••	12,65,474	12,79,650	14,176	2,37,455	
5 6	(•••	14,39,954 12,96,583	12,02,499		1,96,526	1
7	Religious charges		3,61,788	3,05,853		55,935	j
8			76,595	1,13,172	36,577		
9		•••	25,191	79,345	54,154	,	1
0	·	•••	44,796	1,22,731	77,935	•••	1
.1		•••	6,123	69,186	69,186	•••	
12 13		4	5,267	28,646	23,379	•••	
14	D :	•••	3,72,762	3,92,073	19,311		
15	Sardars' boys at Mayo College Ajmer			21,663	21,663		Ì
16	Salt Compensation to Sirmathra	• • •	30,000	30,000			1
17		•••	1,11,635	70,852	1 10 000	40,783	
18	D. B. Ry. Revenue	•••		1,13,868	1,13,868		
19	Total Ordinary <i>Extra-ordinary</i> —	•••	71,00,305	62,47,874		8,52,431	
40	S-441		47,521	2,21,244	1,73,723	·	
	7 D-1	٠.,	 .	30,332	30,332	•••	-
		•••		9,540	9,540	•••	1
	~ ~	•••		42,476	42,476	•••	
		•••	3,519	10,849 $1,733$	7,330 1,733	•••	
	A	• • •	•••	12,200	12,200	•••	1
	h Births, Tika and Marriage Ceremonie			,	,		
	in Chief's family		10,000	1,05,579	95,579	•••	ļ
		•••		54,996	54,996	•••	
Į.	7 13 1 11 6	•••	32,245	46,358	14,113	***]
- 1	7 Ma 1 Cando	•••	1,30,608	76,679 $18,500$	18,500	53,929	
į	0.11	• • • •	33,570	64,691	31,121	•••	Ì
}	. All. L. L. J. Washibitian	•••	•••	6,569	6,569	•••	
]							
20	Total (19) Extra-ordinary Productive Investment	•••	2,57,463	7,01,746	4,44,283	•••	
20	- Mantings and type for Drogg			11,935	11,935		
j	7 D D D C	• • •	•••	7,32,232	7,32,232	•••	
	c , Suspense Revenue Account.			38,316	38,316		V
- 1			•••	3,91,354	3,91,354	•••	
	e Other Public Works	•••	7,01,331	14,94,706	7,93,375	•••	
	Total Investment	•••	7,01,331	26,68,543	19,67,212		
	Total of Ordinary, Extraordinary and	I					ĺ
21	Investments Debts.—	•••	80,59,099	96,18,163	15,59,064	•••	
21	1 D		17,45,981	8,32,297		9,13,684	
j	9. Daile Committee loop		•••	2,20,253	2,20,253	•••	İ
J	3 Patiala loan]	•••	3,44,921	3,44,921	•••	
	Total (a) Dabta		17 45 001	19 07 471		9 40 510	
	.,	•••	17,45,981	13,97,471	90.670	3,48,510	
	-			80,670	80,670		
	Clasing Dalance		98,05,080	1,10,96,304 16,461	12,91,224	1.440	
			17,910			1,449	
_	Grand Total	-	98,22,990	1,11,12,765	12,89,775	•••	